

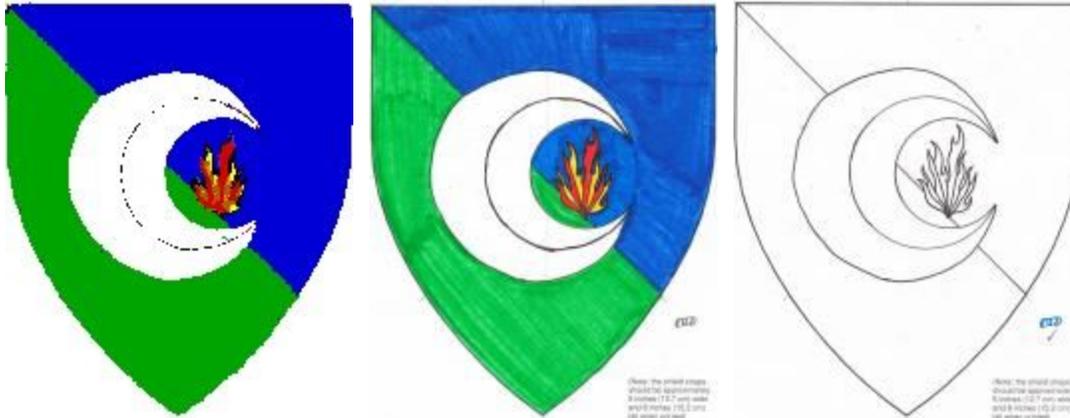
January 31, 2018

East Kingdom

## Internal Letter of Decisions

Unto the East Kingdom College of Heraldry, upon the 16th day of Sh'vat, 5778, greetings! Here is the Letter of Decisions for the Internal Letter of Intent issued on December 15, 2018.

Many thanks to the following commenters who provided assistance this month: Alexandre Saint Pierre, Basil Lions Heart, Conall Blue Talbot, Cristina Volpina, Dietrich Green Mantle, Donovan Golden Rapier, Etienne Sea Stag, ffride wlfssdotter, Galefridus Peregrinus, Gawain Green Anchor, Iago ab Adam, Istvan Non Scripta, Lijsbet van Catwiic, Maridonna Benvenuti, Mathghamhain Ua Ruadháin, Muirenn Diademe, Ragna of Bhakail, Ryan McWhyte, Póry Golden Gryphon, and Vettorio Antonello. Your commentary and insights are always greatly appreciated.



**1: Ailís Kilcullen -New Name & New Device Forwarded**

*Per bend azure and vert, within a decrescent argent a flame proper.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Language (Early Period Irish Gaelic) most important.

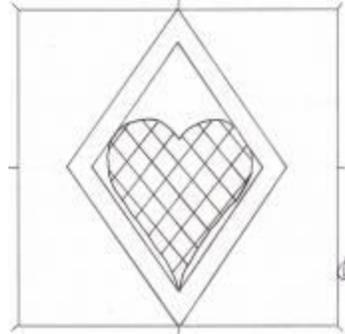
Culture (Early Period Irish Gaelic) most important.

**Ailís** is a feminine Gaelic name found in Mari Elspeth nic Bryan, "Index of Names in Irish Annals" ([medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Alis.shtml](http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Alis.shtml)) This form is listed as appropriate for Early Modern Irish Gaelic.

The submitter would prefer this name spelled with an E Eilís if this can be constructed and is appropriate for pre-1300 Ireland.

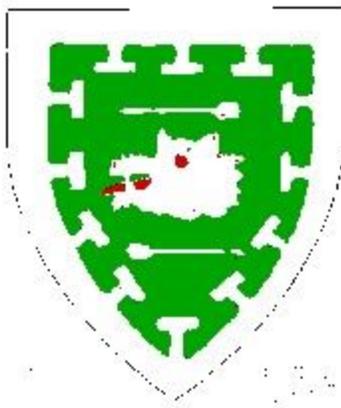
**Kilcullen** is the *Lingua Anglica* form of an Irish place raided by Vikings in the 10th century (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kilcullen>) The 16th century form Kilcullyn is found in "Henry VIII: July 1537, 26-31" in Letters and Papers, Foreign and Domestic, Henry VIII, Vol. 12, Part 2, June-December 1547

(<http://www.british-history.ac.uk/letters-papers-hen8/vol12/no2/pp141-169>)



## 2: Aislinn Chiabach -New Badge Forwarded

*(Fieldless) A heart lozengy purple and argent within and conjoined to a mascle sable.*



## 3: Alric the Younger -New Device Forwarded

*Vert, a boar's head erased close between two arrows counter-fesswise fesswise all within a bordure potency argent*

**Notes:** Blazoned when submitted as *Vert, a boar's head erased close between in chief an arrow fesswise, and in base an arrow fesswise reversed all within a bordure potency argent*, that blazon presents a potential Unity of Orientation posture. As one can blazon one's way out of a style problem, we have changed the blazon to make the arrows part of a period arrangement that specified orientation.

---

#### 4: Ástriðr Eiríksdóttir -New Name Forwarded

Submitter desires a feminine name.

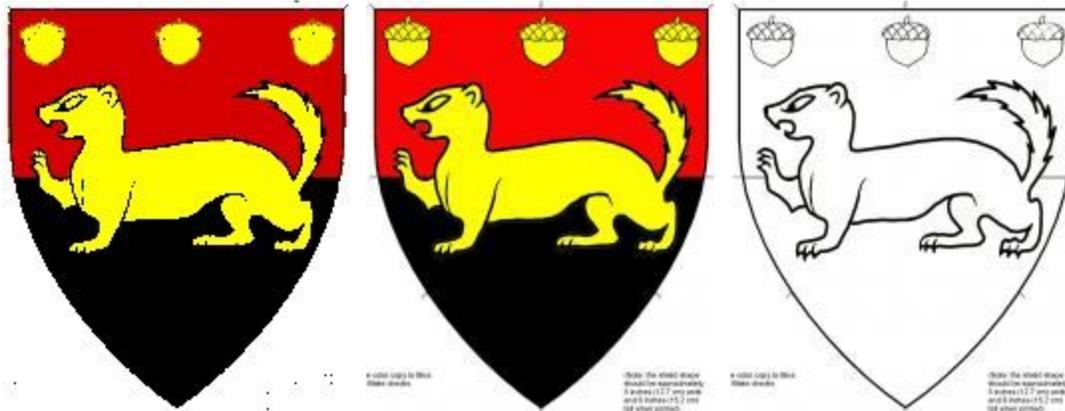
Meaning (Astrid, daughter of Eiríkr) most important.

**Ástriðr** is a feminine given name found in GB p 8 with 10 occurrences.

**Eiríksdóttir** Eiríkr is found as a male given name in GB p 9, with 12 occurrences. Patronymic construction according to GB p 17 removing the -r and adding -sdóttir.

Construction given + patronymic according to SENA Appendix A.

---



#### 5: Condal ingen Odar -New Name & New Device Forwarded

*Per fess gules and sable, a weasel passant and in chief three acorns Or*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Culture (Gaelic Irish) most important.

**Condal** is a feminine personal name found in "Index of Names in Irish Annals" by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien), dated to 792 and 797.

<https://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Condal.shtml>

**ingen** is the pre-1200 form of 'daughter', per Sharon Krossa, "Quick and Easy Gaelic Names" (<http://medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname/#simplepatronymicbyname>).

**Odar** is a masculine personal name found in "Index of Names in Irish Annals" by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien), dated to 1055 and 1056.

<https://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Odar.shtml> No genitive is listed, so the submitter welcomes assistance in adjusting the patronymic to the genitive form.

Name elements are found well within the 500 year allowance for names from the same language.



**6: Corcran mac Diarmata -Resub Device Change Forwarded**

*Per fess argent and sable, two ravens volant to chief and a Thor's hammer counterchanged within a bordure gules*

Old Item: *Barry wavy argent and gules, a roundel checky Or and sable, to be retained as a badge.*

This device change was first returned on the June 2016 LoAR:

**Corcrán mac Diarmata.** Device change. *Per chevron argent and sable, two ravens volant to sinister chief and a Thor's hammer counterchanged.*

This device is returned for violating SENA A3D2c, Unity of Posture and Orientation, which states "The charges within a charge group should be in either identical postures/orientations or an arrangement that includes posture/orientation" The charges here are not in a unified arrangement, as the birds are bendwise sinister and the Thor's hammer in its default orientation. On redesign, please advise the submitter to draw the per chevron line of division slightly lower.

A resubmission was returned on the March 2017 East LoD:

**Corcrán mac Diarmata -Resub Device Change Returned**

*Per chevron argent and sable, two ravens migrant and a Thor's hammer counterchanged*

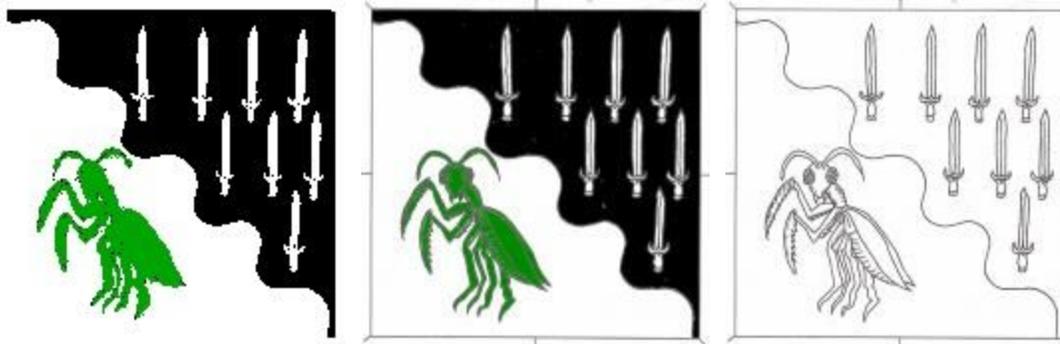
This device is returned for conflict with the device of Nathaniel Ravenhill (November 2011, Atlantia) *Per chevron argent and sable, three ravens migrant counterchanged.*

There is one DC for changing the type of charge in base.

This resubmission addresses both problems.

**Notes:** There is a step from period practice for the use of a bird migrant to chief, which is equivalent to a bird displayed, but it's the only one





**8: Edmund Forster** -New Household Name & New Badge **Forwarded**

*House of Mantis*

*Per bend wavy sable semy of swords and argent, in base a praying mantis rampant guardant vert.*

No major changes.

Sound (MAN-tiss) most important.

English household name based on surname.

**Mantis** IGI Elizabeth Mantis, 16 Mar 1650, St Botolph Bishopsgate, London. Batch M00161-1.

<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NKD6-243>

Allows adding/deleting a word like "de" or "the" or changing language when the change is small.

The color version of this badge was not received from Pennsic. We have recolored it and have reached out to the submitter for approval.

**Correction to Badge** (2017-Dec-15 14:12:08): This badge is to be associated with "House of Mantis".

The submitter has approved the re-color.

**Notes:** Blazoned when submitted as *Per bend wavy sable and argent, semy of swords argent and a praying mantis vert*, we have fixed the blazon to correctly describe the field and the posture of the praying mantis.



**9: Estell Rose -New Name & New Device Forwarded**

*Per bend sinister azure and Or, a mullet of four points argent and a dragon rampant to sinister azure.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Sound most important.

**Estell** is a feminine name found in Family Search under England Births and Christenings

Name Estell Rogers

Christening Date 28 Oct 1554; Christening Place MARSHAM,NORFOLK,ENGLAND

BATCH P01167-1 <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NYCY-7ZD>

**Rose** is a byname found in Family Search under England Births and Christenings

Name Mary Rose ; Christening Date 18 Jul 1582 ; Christening Place Bluntisham, Huntingdon, England ; Birthplace Bluntisham Cum Earith, Huntingdon, England Birth Date 16 Jul 1582 ; BATCH C16854-1

<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N8GZ-FYM>

---

**10: Fionn mac Aodha -New Name Change Forwarded**

Old Item: *Finan mac Bressail*, to be retained as an alternate name.

Language (Irish Gaelic) most important.

Culture (1400s Gallowglass) most important.

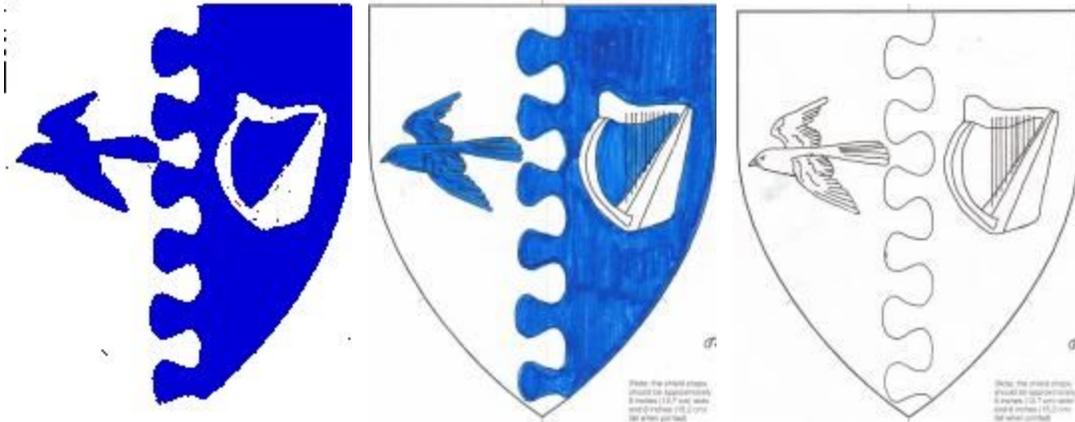
**Fionn** is a male Irish Gaelic name found in the Index of Names in Irish Annals by Mari Elspeth ny Brian (various dates from 718-1490)

<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Finn.shtml>

**Mac** indicates "son of" in Gaelic in single patronymic bynames.

**Aodha** is a clan name found in Index of Names in Irish Annals and is appropriately spelled for Early modern Irish Gaelic 1200-1700, it is a genitive of Aodh (various dates from 578-1549)

<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Aed.shtml>



### 11: Juliana Bird -New Name & New Device Forwarded

*Per pale nebuly argent and azure, a bird volant and a harp counterchanged.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

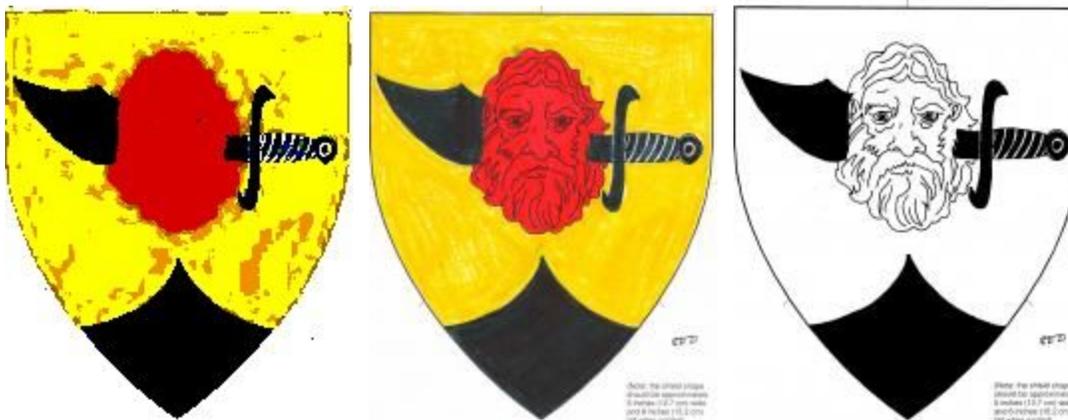
No major changes.

Sound (like it is spelled - Bird) most important.

**Juliana** is a feminine given name s.n. Julian(a) in Withycombe's Oxford Dictionary of Given Names (3rd ed), with this spelling dated to 1196-1220 and to 1273.

**Bird** is a surname s.n. Bird in Reaney & Wilson's A Dictionary of English Surnames (revised ed), with this spelling dated to 1260.

Submitter allows adding/deleting a word like "de" or "the" or changing language when the change is small.



## 12: Julien Toutemps Le Blanc -New Name & New Device Forwarded

*Or, a human head gules transfixed by a scimitar sable fesswise and a point pointed sable.*

Submitter desires a masculine name.

Sound most important.

**Julien** is a male given name from French Names from Paris, 1421, 1423, & 1438 by Aryanhwuy merch Catmael <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/french/paris1423.html> 1 occurrence

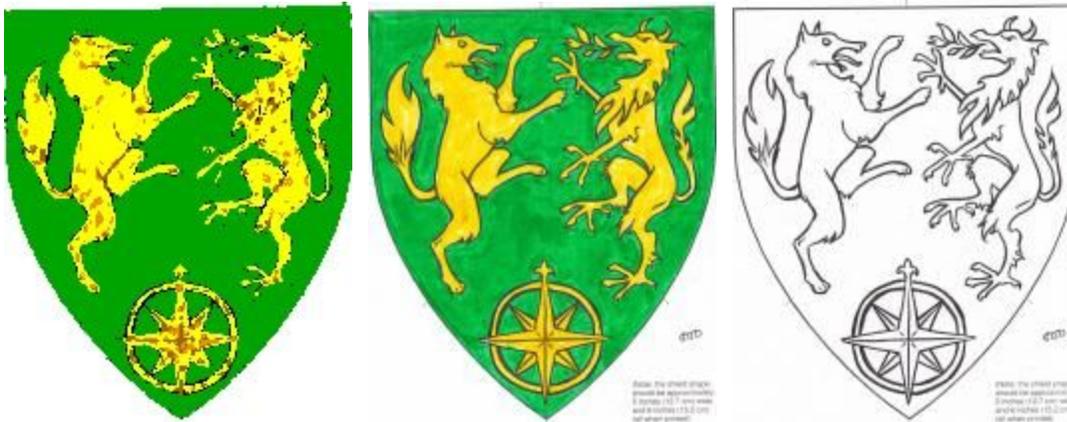
**Toutemps** is a byname found in Les Archives de la Vendee (recherche-archives.vendee.fr/ark:/22574/vtaa9eb62ff712640a0 ) describes a June 1595 document referencing one Jehan Toutemps. We ask for assistance finding a dated spelling of this name.

**Le Blanc** is a descriptive surname from French Surnames from Paris, 1421, 1423 & 1438 by Aryanhwuy merch Catmael <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/french/paris1423surnames.html> 1 occurrence 1421 meaning 'the white'

Submitter would prefer Julien Toutant Le Blanc; if possible.

The B&W version of this badge was not received from Pennsic. We have recreated it and have reached out to the submitter for approval.

**Correction to Device** (2017-Dec-15 14:12:50): The submitter has approved the recreated B&W.



### 13: Katla refr -New Name & New Device Forwarded

*Vert, a fox and a continental panther combatant and in base a compass rose Or.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

No major changes.

Meaning (Cognate of Katherine with something foxy) most important.

**Katla** is an Old Norse feminine given name found in Geir Bassi, p 12

**refr** is the ON word for 'fox', found in the the Landnamabok at

<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/norse/vikbyname.html>

Per Cleasby and Vigfusson, the feminine form for refr would be refa if this is needed for a feminine name. Submitter does allow adding/deleting a word like "de" or "the" or changing language when the change is small.

---

### 14: Kveld-Randvér úlfr -New Name Forwarded

Meaning (evening, wolf, and name beginning Rand-) most important.

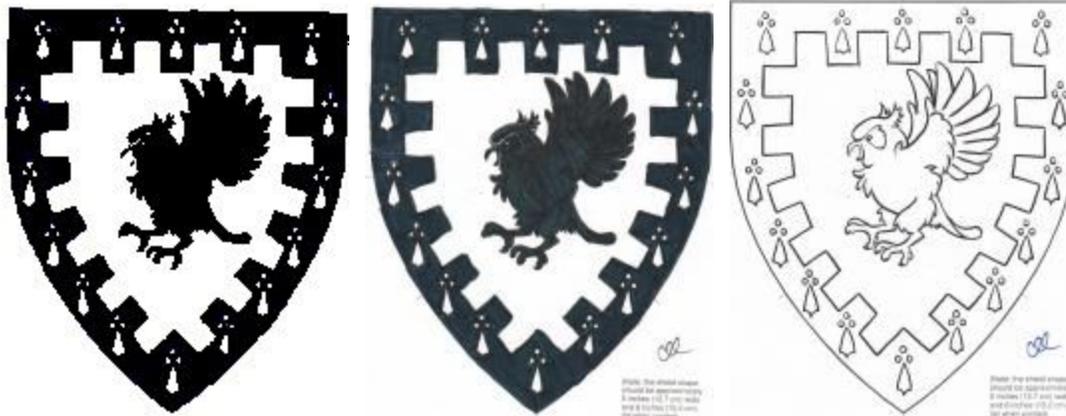
**Kveld** is found in GB p 25 s.n. Kveld as a nickname meaning *evening*.

**Randvér** is a male given name found in GB p 14.

**úlfr** is a constructed byname meaning *wolf*. Zoega's Concise Dictionary of Old Icelandic shows úlfr as a common noun with that meaning (p 568, now available online at <http://css4.pub/2015/icelandic/dictionary.pdf>). This would be parallel to a number of animal bynames shown by Geir Bassi: *bestiger* or captive-bear (op. cit p 20) *bjarki* or bear-cub (ibid.), *brúsi* or "buck" (ibid), etc.

**Notes:** Kingdom commenters pointed out that SENA Appendix A gives a pattern of "descriptive byname + patronymic" but not double descriptive bynames. However, recent precedent says:

"By longstanding precedent, double descriptive bynames are permitted in Old Norse. [Pórdís gjallandi eyverska, 2/2002 LoAR, A-Outlands]" [Svava hvita svanr, A-Avacal, Aug 2017 LoAR] (<http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2017/08/17-08lar.html#84>)



**15: Lawrence Vaughan** -New Name **Forwarded** & New Device **Returned**  
*Argent, an owl rising wings addorsed sable, a bordure embattled counter-ermine.*

Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Spelling (V-A-U-G-H-A-N) most important.

**Lawrence** is a masculine given name found in Family Search; Lawrence Rogers at (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NPYK-J23>), christened on 16 November 1595 at GODALMING,SURREY,ENGLAND. Batch Number: P01333-1 This is a P batch, which is sufficient documentation by precedent.

**Vaughan** is a byname found in Family Search as a surname in the entry Vaughan (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:JZZ7-ZZ5>) a female who died on 07 Feb 1609 in St. Bride's Parish, London, England. Batch Number: B04199-8 This is a B batch, which is sufficient documentation by precedent.

Submitter allows adding/deleting a word such as "de" or "the" or changing language when the change is small.

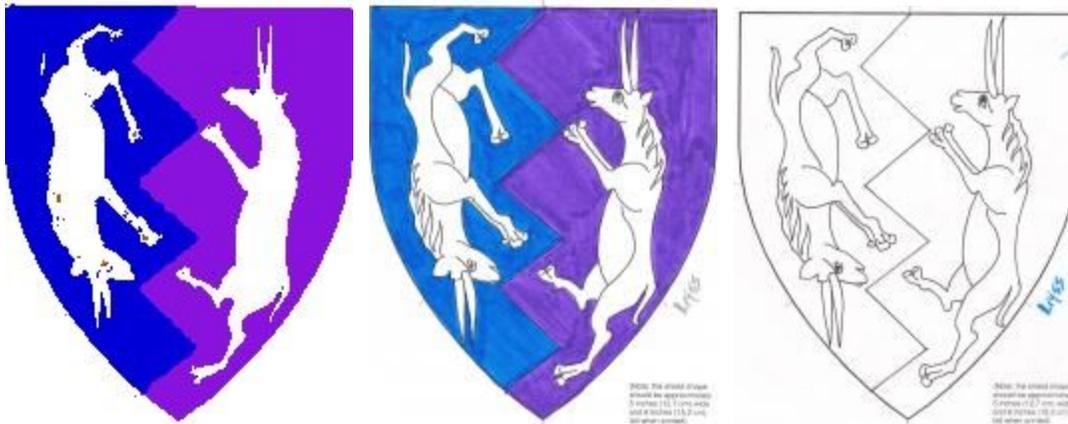
**Correction to Device** (2018-Jan-11 12:01:31): The submitter has withdrawn this device.

**Notes:** The device has been withdrawn.



**16: Leonilla Kalista Kievlianina -New Device Forwarded**

*Per pale gules and sable, in saltire a sword and a threaded needle inverted argent*



### 17: Maria Charries -New Name & New Device Forwarded

*Per pale dancetty azure and purple, an ibex monster inverted rampant to sinister and an ibex rampant to dexter argent. submitter has provided period documentation of ibex drawn in these ways and is aware that this is a test case.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Sound (keep given name Maria) most important.

This name combines a Spanish given name and French byname as permitted by SENA Appendix C.

**Maria** is a feminine given name dated to 1539, 1560, 1511, 1574, and 1578 in Elsbeth Anne Roth, "16th Century Spanish Names" ([heraldry.sca.org/names/spanish/fem-given-alpha.html](http://heraldry.sca.org/names/spanish/fem-given-alpha.html))

**Charries** is a French surname dated to 1428 in Jean de Boueil, Le Jouvencel (Volume 2) available on Google Books at [books.google.com/books?id=A2U\\_AQAAMAAJ](http://books.google.com/books?id=A2U_AQAAMAAJ)

Submitter would like the spelling "Charriez" if we can find it. She believes this is a Spanish (and modern Puerto Rican) form of an originally French name.

**Notes:** This submission includes an inverted ibex, in violation of our long-standing prohibition on inverted animate charges. However, the submitter argues, and presents documentation, for the use of an inverted ibex.

The submitter has provided numerous period examples of art featuring an inverted ibex, along with a scholarly article, and argues that the inverted posture was commonly used in art to differentiate ibexes from goats.



**18: Marie de Blois -New Badge Forwarded**

*Per pale pean and erminois, a label throughout gules*

---

**19: Mark of the Red Hand -New Name Forwarded**

Submitter desires a masculine name.

Sound (Mark Red Hand) most important.

**Mark** is a masculine given name which appears 4 times in "Late 16thC English Given Names" by Talan Gwynek (<http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/eng16/eng16alpha.html>).

**of the Red Hand** is a constructed byname based on an English sign name pattern of "Color + Object" as found in "Comparison of Inn/Shop/House names found London 1473-1600 with those found in the ten shires surrounding London in 1636" by Margaret Makafee

(<http://www.contrib.andrew.cmu.edu/~grm/signs-1485-1636.html>). Red in R&W pg 374, header form Read



**20: Matthias of Naples -New Name & New Device Forwarded**  
*Azure, on a dumbek Or a dragon's head couped bendwise sable.*

Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Sound most important.

**Matthias** is a German male given name found in the Family Search Historical Records: Matthias Abe, m, christening: 26 Apr 1593, EVANGELISCH, HEILBRONN, NECKARKREIS, WUERTTEMBERG, batch: C94699-2

**Naples** is the lingua Anglica form of the name of an Italian city that existed in period. The Encyclopedia Britannica article on Naples (<https://www.britannica.com/place/Naples-Italy>) states that the city was founded around 600 B.C.E. and continued to exist throughout the SCA period. Per Appendix C Italian and German can be combined in late Period.

---

## 21: Maximillian Elgin -Resub Household Name Forwarded

### *Black Sheep House of the East*

No major changes.

Per "English Sign Names" by Mari ingen Briain meic Donnchada

(<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/inn/#coloranimal>), English inn sign names use the pattern [color] + [animal].

The spelling black is found dated to 1458 in the Middle English Dictionary s.v. blak (n.)

([http://quod.lib.umich.edu/cgi/m/mec/med-idx?type=byte&byte=17112871&egdisplay=compact&egs=17116636&e\\_gs=17117967&egs=17127864](http://quod.lib.umich.edu/cgi/m/mec/med-idx?type=byte&byte=17112871&egdisplay=compact&egs=17116636&e_gs=17117967&egs=17127864))

The spelling sheep is found dated to 1425 in the Middle English Dictionary s.v. herd(e) (n.(2))

(<http://quod.lib.umich.edu/cgi/m/mec/med-idx?type=byte&byte=76105195&egdisplay=compact&egs=76122828>)

The spelling house is found dated to 1453 in the Middle English Dictionary s.v. bai (n.(2))

(<http://quod.lib.umich.edu/cgi/m/mec/med-idx?type=byte&byte=10707855&egdisplay=compact&egs=10710568>)

House is an allowable household name designator Per SENA NPN.1 "Non-Personal Names Content".

The submitter is a resident of the East Kingdom.

The prior return (June 2016, East) states:

"This household name is returned for conflict with the registered heraldic title Blak Shepe Pursuivant. The substantive elements are identical in sound."

<http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2016/06/16-06lar.html#184>

**Notes:** Kingdom commenters questioned whether this name conflicts with the registered heraldic title *Blak Shepe Pursuivant* [A-An Tir, Oct 2013 LoAR]. While branch names can clear conflict between order names, it is not clear if adding "of the East" clears a conflict between a household and a heraldic title. We are therefore forwarding this household name for a ruling.

---

## 22: Mordred Ateheye -New Name Forwarded

Submitter has no desire as to gender.

Sound (Mor-Dread) most important.

### **Mordred**

The April 2009 LoAR states: Pelican Emeritus notes that Mordred, in this spelling, appears 7 times in *Le Morte de Arthur*, a romance in stanzas of 8 lines; re-edited from ms. Harley 2252, in the British Museum; with introduction, notes, glossary, and index of names, by J. Douglas Bruce. (London: K. Paul, Trench, Trübner for the Early English Text Society, 1903), and 149 times in Malory, *Le Morte Darthur* (London: David Nutt, 1889). Since Mordred is the name of a prominent character in a major medieval literary work, it is registrable under the literary names allowance [Mordred Blaksoule, 4/2009 LoAR, East]

Note that Medrod is also found as a masculine name in 'Cornish (and Other) Personal names from the 10th Century Bodmin Manumissions' by Tangwystyl verch Morgant Glasvryn s.n. Medrod (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/Bodmin/celtic.html>) Tangwystyl states "Bartrum has 2 examples of the name Medrod, it may be the same as Redon's Modrot (This is the name that became the Arthurian Mordred.) The Bodmin entry is identified as someone's son, so the gender identification is clear."

Further, "Modredis [genitive] (E 204 witness)"

**Ateheye** is a byname found in Reany & Wilson, s.n. <Athey dated to 1279 in the name *Lecia Ateheye*. The name means 'dweller at the enclosure'.

Name Pattern: Given Name + Byname is documented in SENA Appendix A.



**23: Niccolo Sandeo Sensalis -New Name & New Device Forwarded**

*Per bend sinister sable and vert, an eye argent irised vert looking towards sinister and five bezants in saltire Or.*

Submitter desires a masculine name.

Language (Italian) most important.

Culture (Italian) most important.

This is an Italian name constructed as given name + double byname as allowed in SENA Appendix A.

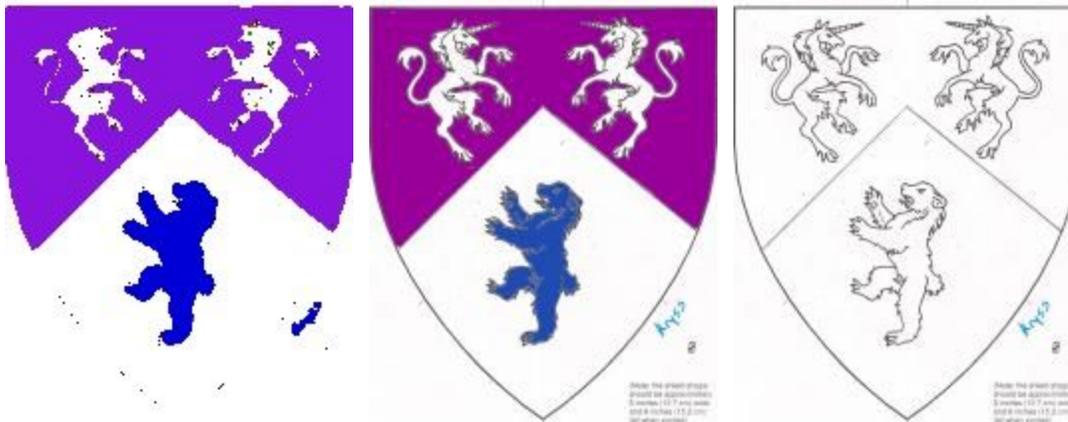
**Niccolo** is a masculine given name and appears 3968 times in Aryanwhy merch Catmael, "Italian Names from the Online Tratte of Office Holders 1282-1532" ( [www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/italian/tratte/](http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/italian/tratte/) ).

**Sandeo** is a masculine given name found in 15th Century Italian Men's Names By Brian Scott (Talan Gwynek) <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/italian15m.html>

**Sensalis** is an Italian byname found in Masculine Names from Thirteenth Century Pisa:

Bynames By Frequency by Juliana de Luna (Julia Smith)

<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/pisa/pisa-bynames-freq.html>



## 24: Ophelia Sofia de Villalta -New Name & New Device Forwarded

*Per chevron purple and argent, two unicorns combatant argent and a bear rampant azure.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Sound (sound of Ophelia) most important.

Double given names are documented in Italian per SENA Appendix A.

**Ophelia** is found as a literary character in Jacopo Sannazaro, "Arcadia", printed in Venice in 1524 (<http://www.mdz-nbn-resolving.de/urn/resolver.pl?urn=urn:nbn:de:bvb:12-bsb10190086-1>)

Scan(page): 114

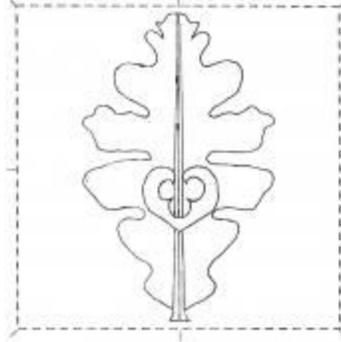
([http://reader.digitale-sammlungen.de/de/fs1/object/display/bsb10190086\\_00114.html](http://reader.digitale-sammlungen.de/de/fs1/object/display/bsb10190086_00114.html)). The document is a scan of the printed version from the Bayerische Staatsbibliothek digital. Copies of the scans are attached as a PDF.

**Sofia** is a feminine given name found in "Late Period Italian Women's Names: Venice" by Juliana de Luna (Julia Smith) in the list of "Feminine Given Names from the 15th and 16th Centuries" (<https://medievalscotland.org/jes/Nuns/Venice.shtml>)

**de Villalta** is found in "Names from the Chronicon Spilimbergense" by Sara L. Uckelman known in the SCA as Aryanhwy merch Catmael, dated to 1353.

(<http://www.ellipsis.cx/%7Eliana/names/italian/spilimbergo.html>)

The color version of this badge was not received from Pennsic. We have recolored it and have reached out to the submitter for approval.



**25: Pagan Graeme -New Badge Forwarded**

*(Fieldless) On an oak leaf per pale purple and vert, a seeblatt argent*



**26: Patricio de Cordoba -New Badge Change Forwarded**

*(Fieldless) An eagle within and conjoined to an annulet argent*

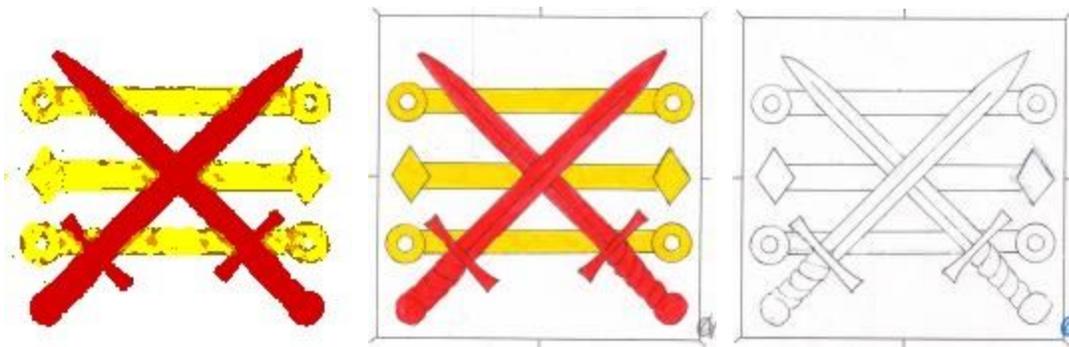
Old Item: , to be released.

The following badge associated with this name was registered in April of 2009 (via the East):  
Sable, on a bend sinister bretessed Or three broken keys wards to base sable.

The following badge associated with this name was registered in April of 2013 (via the East):  
Purpure, on a bezant a drakkar purpure, a bordure Or.

**Notes:** Kingdom commenters were concerned that this badge was presumptuous of, or obtrusively modern because of a resemblance to, the logo of Marvel's SHIELD. As questions of presumption and obtrusive modernity are reserved for Wreath and Laurel, we are forwarding this badge.

The submitter has informed Blue Tyger that he wishes to release the badge Purpure, on a bezant a drakkar purpure, a bordure Or. (registered in 2013).



**27: Patricio de Cordoba -New Badge Forwarded**

*(Fieldless) Between two bars couped maintaining and conjoined to four annulets, a bar couped maintaining and conjoined to two lozenges Or, overall two swords in saltire gules*

**Notes:** Kingdom commenters, and Blue Tyger, have grave concerns over the blazon, and blazonability, of this badge. One blazon, proposed by Iago ab Adam, is: *(Fieldless) Between two bars couped each end conjoined with an annulet, a bar couped each end conjoined with a lozenge Or, overall two swords in saltire gules*. However, we are not convinced that a competent heraldic artist would reproduce this badge from either the submitted or the alternate blazon. We are forwarding this submission for wider commentary on this issue.



**28: Ragna Grimólfsdóttir -New Name & New Device Forwarded**

*Argent, in pale two wolves courant counter-courant sable.*

Submitter desires a feminine name.

No major changes.

Client requests authenticity for Late 9th century Norse.

Language (Late 9th century Norse) most important.

Culture (Late 9th century Norse) most important.

**Ragna** is found in St. Gabriel Report 2434

(<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/2434.txt>), which dates it to the Orkney Isles in the 1130's and states that in Norway the name was found as early as the 9th century.

The report cites three sources for this name:

[1] Lind, E.H. Norsk-Isla"ndska Dopnamn ock Fingerade Namnfrån Medeltiden (Uppsala & Leipzig: 1905-1915, sup. Oslo, Uppsala and Kobenhavn: 1931); s.n. <Ragna>.

[2] Magnusson, Magnus and Hermann Palsson, trans. Orkneyinga Saga: The History of the Earls of Orkney (New York: Penguin, 1978); Ch. 67.

[3] Watson, William J. The History of the Celtic Place-Names of Scotland (London: William Blackwood & Sons Ltd., 1926); p. 294.

Additionally, Ragna as a feminine name is found in Geirr Bassi Haraldsson's "The Old Norse Name", p.14.

**Grimólfr** is a male given name found at least four times in "Viking Names found in Landnámabók" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael. According to the rules set out on p. 17 of Geirr Bassi, the patronymic form should be Grimólfsdóttir.

---

**29: Safiya al-Naghira -New Name Forwarded**

Submitter desires a feminine name.

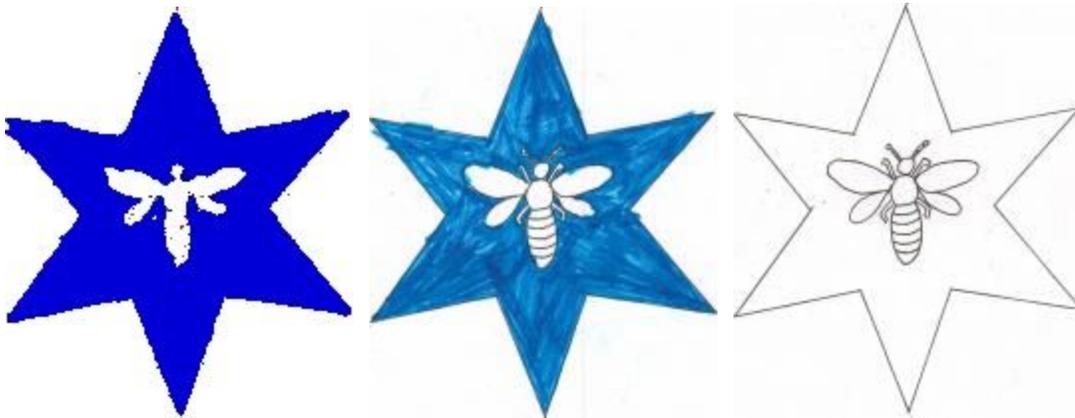
No major changes.

Meaning (likes) most important.

**Safiya** is a feminine given name from North Africa and Arabian Peninsula Fourteenth Century in Basil Dragonstrike Names Found in the First Volume of the Travels of Ibn Battuta

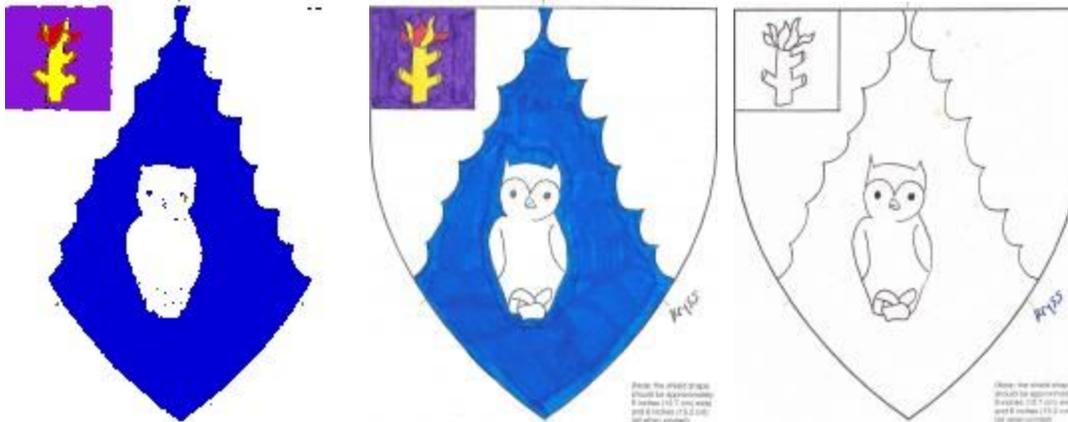
<https://s-gabriel.org/names/basil/battuta/>

**al-Naghira** is a descriptive byname meaning "the hot-tempered women" from 9th - 12th century Cairo in Juliana de Luna (Julia Smith) "Son of the Hot-Tempered Woman" in Academy of St. Gabriel <http://medievalscotland.org/jes/ArabicMatronymics/>



**30: Simona bat Leone -New Badge Forwarded**

*(Fieldless) On a mullet of six points azure a bee argent*



**31: Steffan ap Kennydd of Silverwing -New Name Change & New Augmentation of Arms Forwarded**

*Azure, chapé ployé invected, an owl close affronté argent and for augmentation on a canton purple, a firebrand Or flamed proper.*

Old Item: *Steffan ap Cenydd of Silverwing*, to be released.

Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Spelling (Kennydd may be changed to Kenydd) most important.

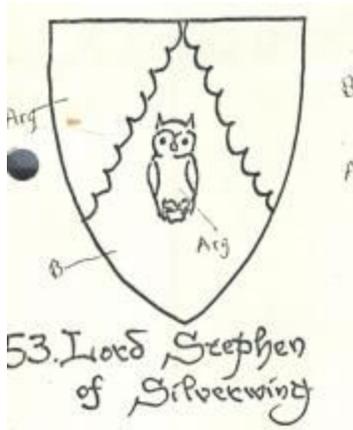
Current registered name is Steffan ap Cenydd of Silverwing, July 1984 via the East.

**Cennydd** is found in Withycombe, s.n. Kenneth. The Welsh form of the name is found as Cennydd son of Gila, a 6th C Welsh saint. The form Cenydd is found in Lives of the British Saints: the Saints of Wales and Cornwall.

Examples of c/k switches include *Caducan[us]/Kadugan[us]* and *Cadwalader/Kadwaladrus*, found in Constanza of Thamesreach, "Given names in the charters of the Abbey of Ystrad Marchell, 1176-1283" (<https://s-gabriel.org/names/constanza/ystradmarchell-given.html>) and *Cnaipur/Keneithur*, found in Constanza of Thamesreach's "Given Names from the Llandaff Episcopal Acta, 1146-1286" (<https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/constanza/llandaff.html>)

**Notes:** The submitter was granted the right to an Augmentation by the hand of Kenric and Avelina, on 8/8/2012, at Pennsic.

Kingdom commenters pointed out that this is not *chapé ployé invected* but is closer to *chapé invected*. However, this depiction is, in our opinion, matches that previously registered to the submitter and currently blazoned in the O&A as *Azure, chapé ployé invected, an owl close affronté argent*. See image, attached. If a reblazon is necessary, both the augmentation and the original likely need to be reblazoned.



1:

---

### 32: Tashiro Kojirou Kageharu -New Name Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Sound (Likes the smoothness of the composite name.) most important.

Japanese Medieval Military Masculine Name Pattern: family name+common name+nanori

See: NCMJ Rev. Ed. **Tashiro** - 田代 (1392) (family name) NCMJ Rev. Ed. p. 124

**Kojirou** - 小次郎 ; (1568) (masculine common name) NCMJ Rev. Ed. p. 212

**Kageharu** - 景春 (1572) Masculine nanori. NCMJ Rev. Ed. p. 335

---

### 33: Thorvaldr Halvorsen -New Name Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Sound (Thor-vald Halv-or-sen) most important.

**Thorvaldr** is a Norse masculine given name found in the Diplomatarium Norvegicum

([http://www.dokpro.uio.no/dipl\\_norv/diplom\\_field\\_eng.html](http://www.dokpro.uio.no/dipl_norv/diplom_field_eng.html)) Thorualdus dated to 1470. Thorvald

is at least one plausible vernacular form, Thorwald is another, per Juliana de Luna.

**Halvorsen** is a patronymic byname found as Halvarsson dated 1407 and 1460, respectively,

Halvorrson dated to 1473 in SMP, s.n. Halvardh, so Halvorson is a plausible interpolated form of the patronym.

The -sen patronymic ending is found in App. A of SENA for Swedish.

---

### 34: Torrin O Cuin -New Name Change Forwarded

Old Item: *Torrin the Wanderer*, to be retained as an alternate name.

No major changes.

**Torrin** is already registered to the submitter.

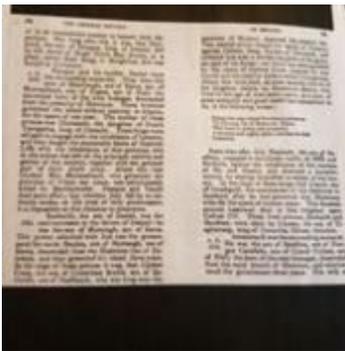
**O Cuinn** is a Clan Affiliation byname formed according to the rules set out in "Quick and Easy Gaelic Names" by Effic neyn Kenyeoch vc Ralte

(<http://medievalscotland.org/scotnames/gauickgaelicbyname/#clanaffiliationbyname>). Cuinn is the genitive form of the Early Modern Irish Gaelic name Conn, found in Mari's "Index"

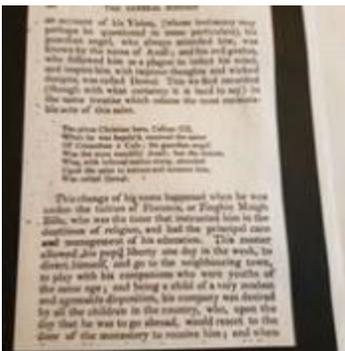
(<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Conn.shtml>) with relevant Annals dates of 1201, 1202, 1257, 1497, and 1559.

The submitter prefers **O Cuin** with a single 'n'. Attached images were provided by the submitter as documentation of this spelling.

The above submission has images. To view them, see the URLs below:



#1



#2



#3

---

In Service,  
Yehuda ben Moshe  
Blue Tyger Herald