

December 30, 2019

East Kingdom

Internal Letter of Decision

East ILoI dated November 15, 2019

To the most noble members of the East Kingdom College of Heraldry, greetings! You will find below the decisions rendered on the submissions for the Internal Letter of Intent issued on 11/15/19.

If Muirenn Blue Tyger consulted on any submissions on this letter, decisions were made by Lilie Pantheon and Sláine Diademe.

Many thanks to the following commenters who provided assistance this month:

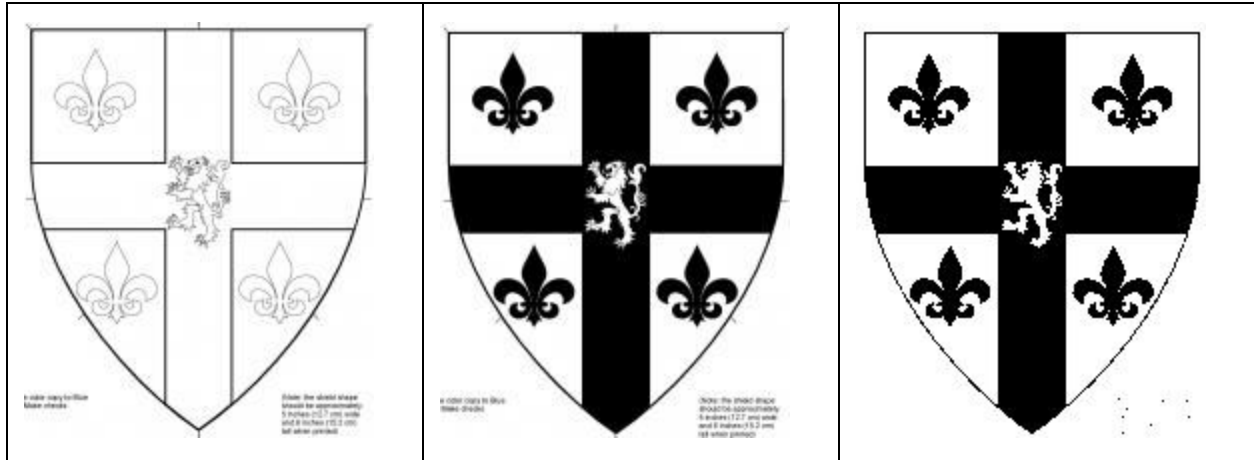
Basil Lions Heart, Drasma Dragomira, ffride wlfssdotter, Gunnvor Orle, Hallerna stjornukona, Iago ab Adam, Kryss Kostarev, Leifr rella, Lilie Pantheon, Maridonna Benvenuti, Mathghamhain Elmet/Seahorse, Ryan Skunk, Shannon inghean Bhriain ú Dhuilleáin, Sláine Diademe, and Violet Mosaic.

Your commentary and insights are always greatly appreciated.

Assistance with artwork can be attained through reaching out to your local herald, or the EK Pallet Herald (pallet@eastkingdom.org.)

1. Antonio Giancarlo Nicastri

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Antonio Giancarlo Nicastri	Forwarded
New Device	Argent, on a cross throughout between four fleurs de lys sable a lion rampant argent	Forwarded



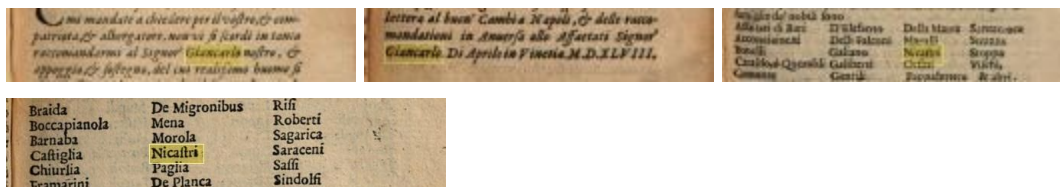
Submitter desires a masculine name.
 No major changes.

Antonio is a masculine Italian given name found in Names from Sixteenth Century Venice by Juliana de Luna <https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juliana/16thcvenice.html>

Giancarlo is a masculine Italian given name found in the II Quarto Libro de Lettere Di M. Pietro Aretino, published in 1550, copy here from 1609.
<https://books.google.com/books?id=hEWx7fY0ibgC&printsec=frontcover&dq=II+Quarto+Libro+de+Lettere+Di+M.+Pietro+Aretino&hl=en&sa=X&ved=2ahUKewjrpArUIPzkAhWBc98KHV8cD04Q6AEwAXoECAIQAg#v=onepage&q=II%20Quarto%20Libro%20de%20Lettere%20Di%20M.%20Pietro%20Aretino&f=false>

Nicastro is an Italian patronymic byname found on p 72 of Il Regno di Napoli Diviso in Dodici Provincie, published in 1609, copy here from 1618.
https://books.google.com/books?id=5WRYAAAACAAJ&pg=PA212&dq=il+regno+di+napoli+in+dodici+provincie&hl=en&sa=X&ved=2ahUKewj5rP23lvzkAhWMct8KHW_ECcUQ6AEwBHoECACQAg#v=onepage&q=il%20regno%20di%20napoli%20in%20dodici%20provincie&f=false

This name follows the pattern set out in SENA Appendix A for later period Italian of given + given + unmarked patronymic.



Notes:

Iago ab Adam suggests the following reblazon: Argent, on a cross between four fleurs-de-lys sable a lion argent. As these items were consulted by Muirenn Blue Tyger, decisions were rendered by Lilie Pantheon and Sláine Diademe.

2. Ástriðr Bjarnardóttir

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Ástriðr Bjarnardóttir	Forwarded
New Device	Purple, a skull affronty and in chief two crescents argent	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name.
 No major changes.
 Language most important.
 Culture (Viking Age Scandinavia) most important.

Ástriðr and **Björn** are both found in Geir Bassi, p 8. Both are marked as Landnamabok.

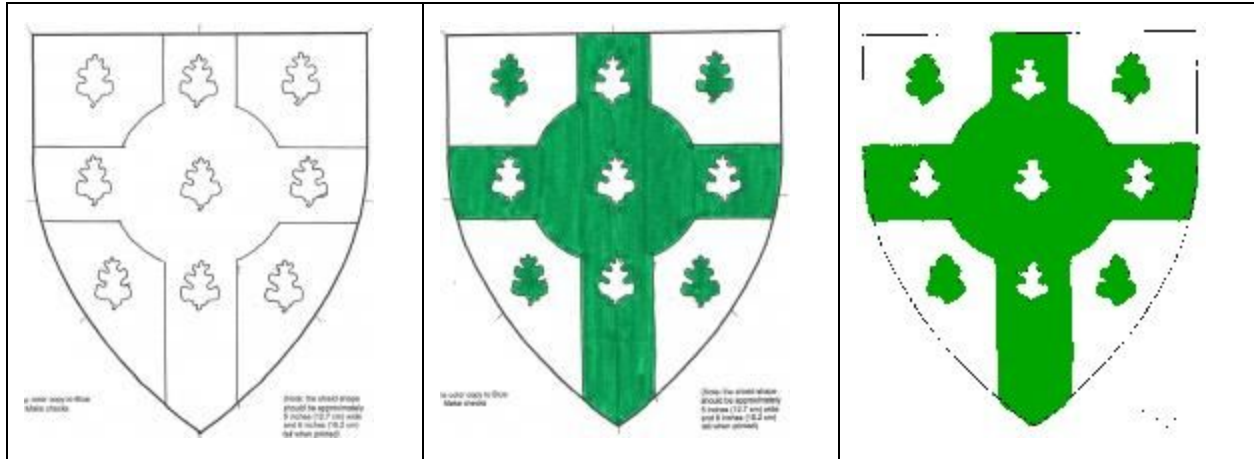
The patronymic byname is formed according to Geirr Bassi, pp 17-18.

Notes:

Iago ab Adam suggests the following reblazon, Purpure, a skull and in chief two crescents argent.

3. Brian Woods Walker

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Brian Woods Walker	Forwarded
New Device	Argent, on a cross nowy throughout between four oak leaves vert five oak leaves in cross argent	Forwarded



Brian is a masculine given name found in Index of Names in Irish Annals: Brian by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan. The name is found 45 times between the years 925 and 1582.

<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Brian.shtml>

Woods is a byname found in the Family Search records as Thomas Woods, christened 11 March 1594, Claypole, Lincoln, England, batch # C02751-2

<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NYV1-PZ3>

Walker is a byname found in Reaney and Wilson, sn Walker, with Robert le Walker dated to 1260. Use of the marker <le> can be dropped per precedent.

SENA Appendix A shows the construction of given + byname + byname for English.

SENA Appendix C shows that you can combine Irish Gaelic with English in later period

Originally submitted as Brian of Centre Downe, the byname could not be documented. The submitter approved the change to Brian Woods Walker.

Notes:

lago ab Adam suggests the following reblazon, Argent, on a cross nowy between four oak leaves vert five oak leaves argent.

There is an SFPP for use of a cross nowy.

4. Casimir Ottersson

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Casimir Ottersson	Forwarded

Casimir is found as a second given name in 1600 Germany in the Family Search Historical Records. Ludwig Casimir Kugler was married on 02 Jun 1600 in Evangelisch, Boennigheim, Neckarkreis, Wuerttemberg; BATCH M95430-3
<https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:VCY7-DGH>

Otter is a header form in R&W, who give one of its origins as a given name (derived from Old Norse Ottarr). It is dated as a given name as Otre 1066 and as a byname as Oter 1185. The apparent unmarked patronymics Oter and Ottyr are also found in the MED, dated between c1200-c1444(c1250) and c1460, respectively. The spelling Otter is a reasonable interpolation.

The pattern of given name in the genitive + son is found in the introduction to R&W, with the examples Helewisson, Heliotesson, Diksson, citing the 1332 Cumberland Subsidy Roll.

German given names can be borrowed into English in the 16th century by precedent [Feb 2015 Cover Letter], making this name wholly English.

Notes:

ffride offers this extra documentation for Ottersson:

SMP vol. 2, col. 190 sn. Asmund

Asmundh Ottersson, 1483

also, Lind Supplementband, col. 657 sn. Ottarr

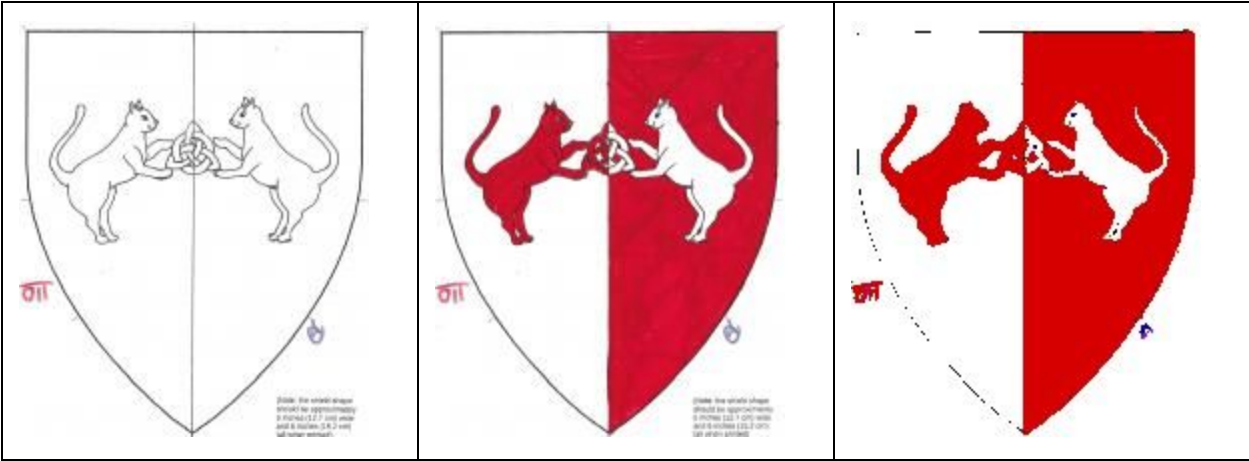
Andres Ottersson, 1512

SENA Appendix C says German and Scandinavian names can be mixed.

5. Ceolwenne wyrhte

Submission	Description	Decision
New Device	Per pale argent and gules, two domestic cats	Forwarded

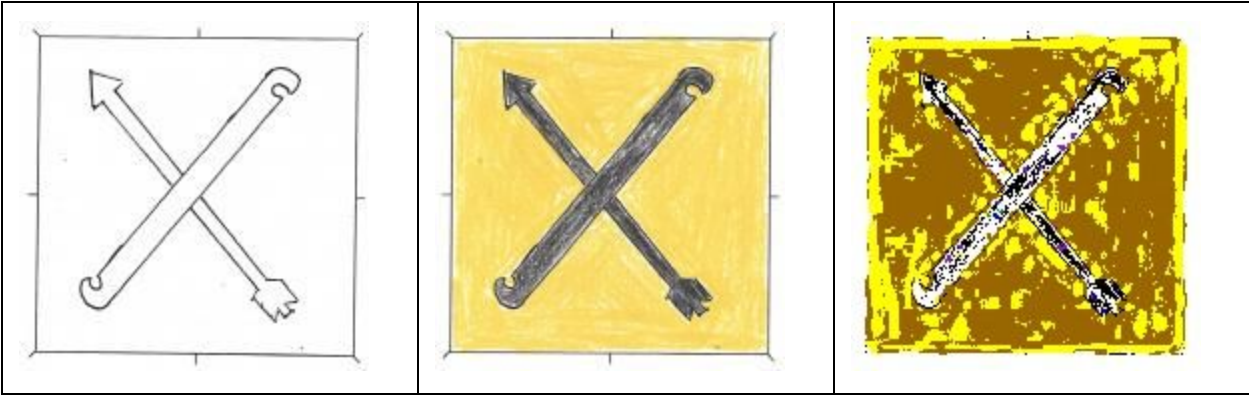
	salient respectant maintaining between them a triquetra interlaced with an annulet counterchanged	
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Notes:
 There were concerns during commentary that the charges were not drawn large enough to properly fill the space. The submitter has approved new artwork to be used for the Society letter.

6. Conor Ó Ceallaigh

Submission	Description	Decision
New Badge	Or, an arrow and a grozing iron crossed in saltire sable	Forwarded

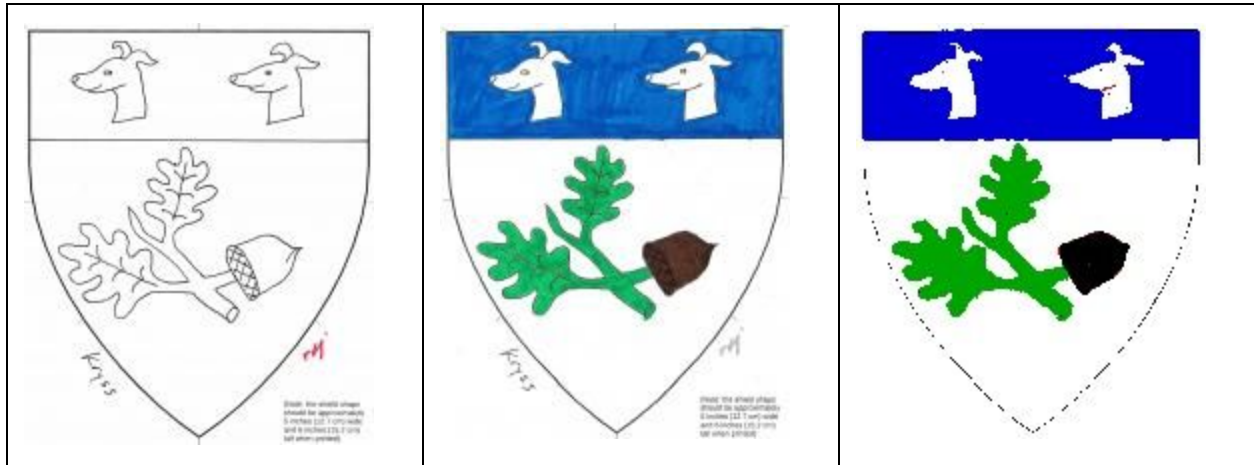


Notes:

Iago ab Adam suggests the following reblazon: Or, in saltire an arrow inverted and a grazing iron sable.

7. Etaine Clough

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Etaine Clough	Forwarded
New Device	Argent, a sprig of oak fructed bendwise proper and on a chief azure two greyhound's heads coupéd argent	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name.

No holding name.

No major changes.

Client requests authenticity for no specifications given.

Language (Welsh-Irish) most important.

Culture (Welsh-Irish) most important.

Etaine is an interpolated spelling of the attested Irish Gaelic Etain, found in Index of Names in Irish Annals: Étaín / Éadaoin by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan.

<https://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Etain.shtml>.

Clough is an English surname; R&W s.n. Clough dates Roger Clough to 1279.

Gaelic and English can be combined under the standards of Appendix C.

Notes:

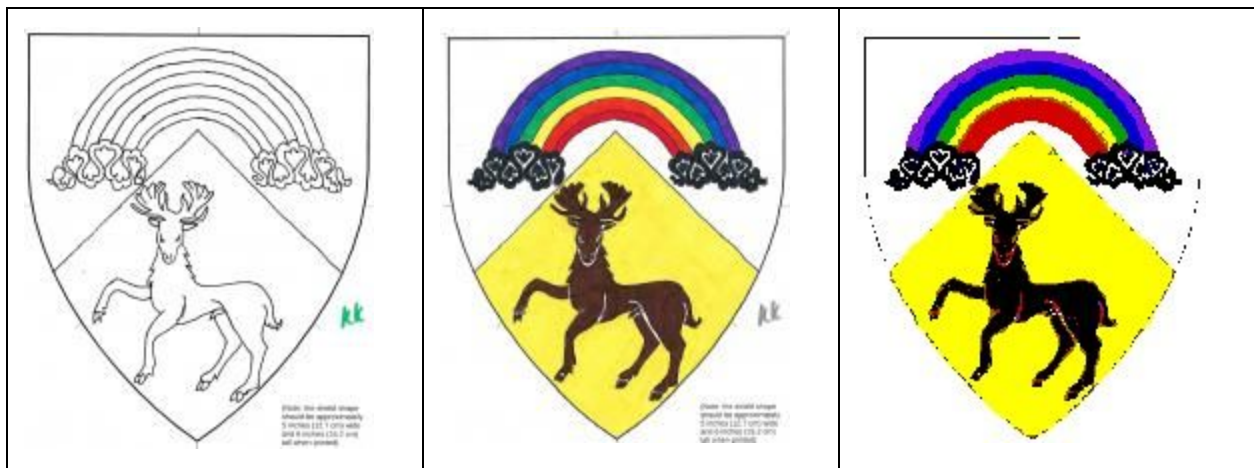
Iago ab Adam suggests the following reblazon: Argent, a sprig of oak bendwise vert fructed proper and on a chief azure two greyhound's heads couped argent

The submitter had requested the spelling Etaine, but we have no evidence of additions of |e| on the end of a name as an alternate spelling in Gaelic. The submitter allows for minor changes, so we have changed the submitted name to match the documentable spelling, and asked for assistance from Society commenters in documenting the requested spelling.

The submitter requested authenticity for language/culture (Welsh/Irish). While this name is not wholly authentic for either Welsh or Irish (Gaelic), it is still plausible as a cultural mix and is potentially registrable in the current form. If the submitter strongly desires authenticity for one culture/language or the other, they should contact Blue Tyger staff to withdraw this submission and work on an alternative.

8. Gaius Arius Iustus

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Gaius Arius Iustus	Forwarded
New Device	Per chevron argent and Or, a natural rainbow clouded sable and a brown moose passant guardant proper	Returned



Submitter desires a masculine name.

All items are found in A Simple Guide to Imperial Roman Names (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/roman.html>) by Ursula Georges

Gaius is a praenomen

Arius is a nomen

Iustus is a cognomen

The construction praenomen + nomen + cognomen is also found in the above article.

The use of a natural rainbow is an SFPP.

Notes:

This device is returned for having a natural rainbow which is not colored to the standard established in precedent. The January 2004 states that a natural rainbow shall be colored from top to bottom in the order of red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet. [Phillida Parker, R-Ealdormere, 01/04] <http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2004/01/04-01lar.html>

Phillida Parker. Device. Per fess wavy azure and Or, a natural rainbow and three fir trees coupé vert.

The natural rainbow is drawn correctly for a natural rainbow as stated in the Pictorial Dictionary of Heraldry: "The 'natural rainbow proper', an SCA invention, has white clouds, and seven colored bands, as found in nature: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet." The order of the bands is given from top to bottom. This submission thus addresses the main reason for the previous return (in June 2001), which was that the bands of the rainbow were in the opposite order on the previous submission, starting with violet on top and ending with red on the bottom. The redesign also addresses a concern raised in the previous return, about whether the argent clouds of the rainbow kept the entire natural rainbow from having sufficient contrast with the underlying argent field.

However, as part of this redesign, the natural rainbow has moved from lying entirely on an argent (metal) portion of the field to lying entirely on an azure (color) portion of the field. The natural rainbow is more than half color, and thus has insufficient contrast with the underlying azure field per RfS VIII.2.a.ii, since the rainbow is not "An element equally divided of a color and a metal." In order to be such an evenly divided element, the white clouds of the rainbow and/or the yellow band of the rainbow would need to be disproportionately large. We thus overturn the portion of the following precedent that states that a natural rainbow is a neutral charge (as referred to in the Pictorial Dictionary):

A natural rainbow proper shall consist of the same band between two white clouds but with the natural spectrum, from gules in chief to purple in base. This type of rainbow would count as a combined metal/color charge and thus be neutral. (Cover Letter of 25 May 82)

This device is also returned for violating SENA A3F2 which states: "While we allow charges to be tinctured and blazoned as proper, as described in A.4.B.1, designs that use multiple types of proper charges may be allowed only if the overall design and the sorts of proper charges used are compatible with period style." A natural rainbow is an SCA invention, and not a period heraldic charge, so it is in violation of this requirement.

The submitter is advised to consider either the period heraldic rainbow as described in the PicDic 3.0 (<https://mishtholme.com/dictionary/rainbow/>) or a heraldic tincture for the elk other than proper.

9. Gelgeis ingen Áedáin

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Gelgeis ingen Áedáin	Forwarded

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Sound (wants to sound like Gelgeis; would prefer to keep same spelling) most important.

Gelgéis is found as a feminine given name dated to 654 in Mari Elspeth nic Bryan, "Index of Names in Irish Annals" <http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Gelgeis.shtml>

Áedán is found in the same source as a masculine given name <http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Aedan.shtml>.

Áedáin is the genitive form for before 1200. Dates range from 505 to 949, including 651.

Construction is documented from Sharon Krossa "Quick and Easy Gaelic names" (<http://medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname/>)

Submitter would like inghean instead of ingen if possible

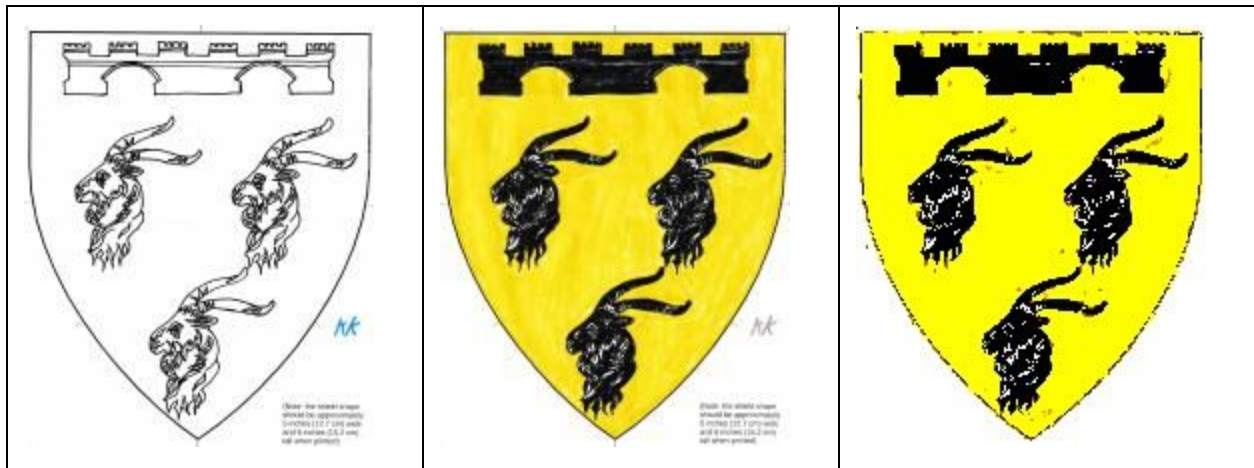
Notes:

No evidence has been found at the kingdom level to support the submitter's request for the spelling <inghean>. This spelling is used exclusively to form patronymics with names that are

dated to 1200 and later, as found in Quick and Easy Gaelic Names by Sharon L. Krossa (<https://medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname/#spelling>). Áedán is only found pre-1000. We ask the assistance of Society commenters in documenting a form of the byname that might allow for the submitter's requested spelling.

10. Grigorii Dobryi

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Grigorii Dobryi	Forwarded
New Device	Or, three goat's heads erased and in chief a two-span bridge sable	Returned



Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Meaning (Byname meaning kind, polite, or accommodating) most important.

Grigorii is a male given name and header spelling on page 107 of Wickenden 3rd edition, dated 1375.

Dobryi is found on page 70 the same source dated to 1136 as a byname, as a variant of Dobroi, listed with meaning of "good".

Submitter wants an adjectival byname that means "kind" "polite" or "accommodating" (both names playing on the word "gregarious"), and is willing to allow changes that get the meaning he desires. He does not want an explicit patronymic, but an adjectival byname.

Notes:

This device is returned for non-heraldic depiction of erased. As outlined in the November 2001 Cover Letter (<https://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2001/11/01-11cl.html>):

Therefore, for purposes of recreating period armorial style for erasing, the erasing should (1) have between three and eight jags; (2) have jags that are approximately one-sixth to one-third the total height of the charge being erased; and (3) have jags that are not straight but rather are wavy or curved. The predominance of the three-jag erasing is such that it can be recommended throughout our period and across Europe.

Assistance with artwork can be attained through reaching out to your local herald, or the EK Pallet Herald (pallet@eastkingdom.org.)

11. Grigorii Dobryi

Submission	Description	Decision
New Badge	Or, a goat's head erased between three roundels sable	Returned



Notes:

This badge is returned for non-heraldic depiction of erased. As outlined in the November 2001 Cover Letter (<https://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2001/11/01-11cl.html>):

Therefore, for purposes of recreating period armorial style for erasing, the erasing should (1) have between three and eight jags; (2) have jags that are approximately one-sixth to one-third the total height of the charge being erased; and (3) have jags that are not straight but rather are wavy or curved. The predominance of the three-jag erasing is such that it can be recommended throughout our period and across Europe.

Assistance with artwork can be attained through reaching out to your local herald, or the EK Pallet Herald (pallet@eastkingdom.org.)

12. Gunnbjorn Úlfkellson

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Gunnbjorn Úlfkellson	Forward

Submitter desires a masculine name.

Spelling (If accents need to be added to the personal name the submitter approves that) most important.

Gunnbjorn is a masculine personal name found in GB p. 10 s.n. Gunnbjorn.

Úlfkel is a masculine personal name found in GB p. 15 s.n. Úlfkell.

Úlfkellson is a patronymic formed according to the rules found in GB p. 17-18.

Notes:

ffride wlfssdotter suggests this change for the byname: *The expected genitive case form of Úlfkell would be Úlfkels for Úlfkelsson.* Since the submitter allows for all changes we have adjusted the spelling to match the expected genitive patronymic.

13. Häbla Čjudka

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Häbla Čjudka	Forwarded
New Device	Per pale purple and argent, in pale two bulbous root vegetables counterchanged, slipped and leaved counterchanged Or and vert	Returned



Submitter desires a feminine name.
 No major changes.
 Client requests authenticity for later period Finnish.
 Language (Finnish) most important.
 Culture (Finnish) most important.

Häbla is a feminine Finnish given name found in Vanhat nimityypimme (Finnish Names) by Rouva Vanhat <https://heraldry.sca.org/names/FinnishNamesArticle.htm> The article dates the name to 1561, sn Hebla.

Ĉjudka is a Finnish byname meaning 'of the Chudes' and dated to 1360-80 and found in the article by ffride wilfsdotter (Rebecca Lucas) "Names of Finns from the Birchbark Letters of Novgorod the Great, Pskov, and Staraya Russa" <https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ffride/finnbirch.html>

Notes:

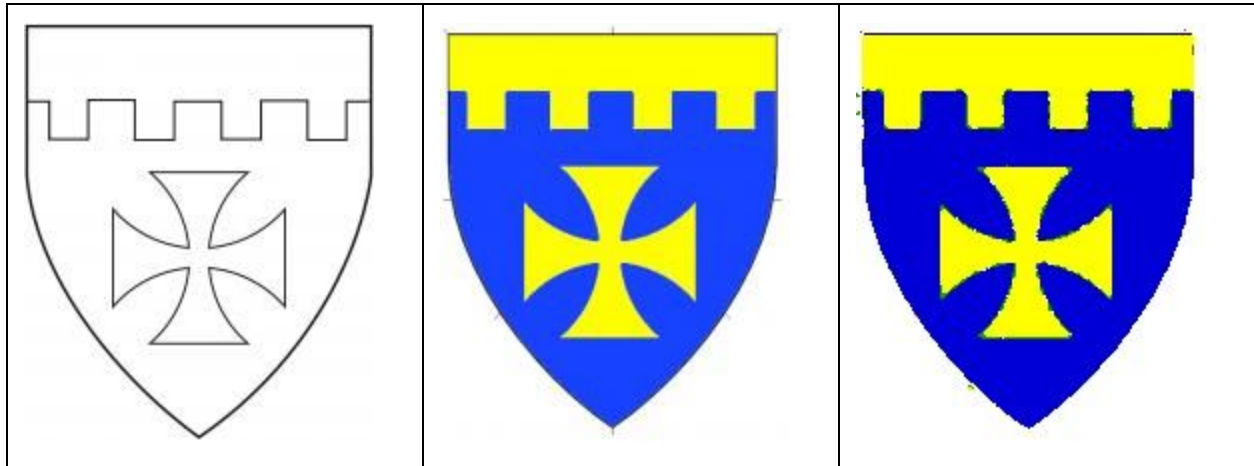
This armory is returned for violating SENA A.1.C, Reproducibility, which states in part that "... the submitted emblazon must be reproducible by a competent heraldic artist, with only normal heraldic variation, from the written blazon." (<http://heraldry.sca.org/sena.html#A1C>) Without a bit more definition this submission does not meet that standard.

The submitter has been advised to choose a specific vegetable to use for their emblazon, and perhaps adjust the emblazon if necessary to add additional clarity.

14. Hans der Vogeljäger

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Hans der Vogeljäger	Forwarded

New Device	Azure, a cross patty and a chief embattled Or	Forwarded
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Submitter desires a masculine name.
 Meaning (bird-hunter) most important.

Hans is a given name in "German Names from Nürnberg, 1497" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/german/nurnberg1497.html>). Hans in that spelling has 155 occurrences from Nürnberg, 1016 occurrences from surrounding cities.

Vogeljäger is a constructed occupational byname in the form of [animal]-jäger (= 'hunter'). Attested similar examples are as follows:

- Theodoricus Hasenjäger (= 'hare-hunter'), 1389 (Brechenmacher, Joseph Karlmann (1957:661) *Etymologisches Wörterbuch der Deutschen Familiennamen*. Berlin: C.A. Starke Verlag.)
- Ludekinus Huneriegher (= 'hen-hunter'), 1365 (Brechenmacher, Joseph Karlmann (1957) *Etymologisches Wörterbuch der Deutschen Familiennamen*. Berlin: C.A. Starke Verlag.)
- Vogel (Bird) as a prototheme is found in "German Names from Nürnberg, 1497" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/german/nurnberg1497.html>): Vogelgesangk (1) 'bird-song'; Vogelgsangk (1) 'bird-song'; Vogelhoffer (7) 'bird-courtier (?); Vogelsamer (1) 'bird-seeder'

This submission is accompanied by permission to conflict:

I, <name redacted>, known in the SCA as Johanna aff Hucka, give <name redacted>, known in the SCA as Hans der Vogeljager, permission for their armory "azure, a cross patee or, an embattled chief or" to look similar but not identical to my armory "Azure, a cross formy within and conjoined to an annulet Or".

I understand that this permission cannot be withdrawn once their armory is registered.

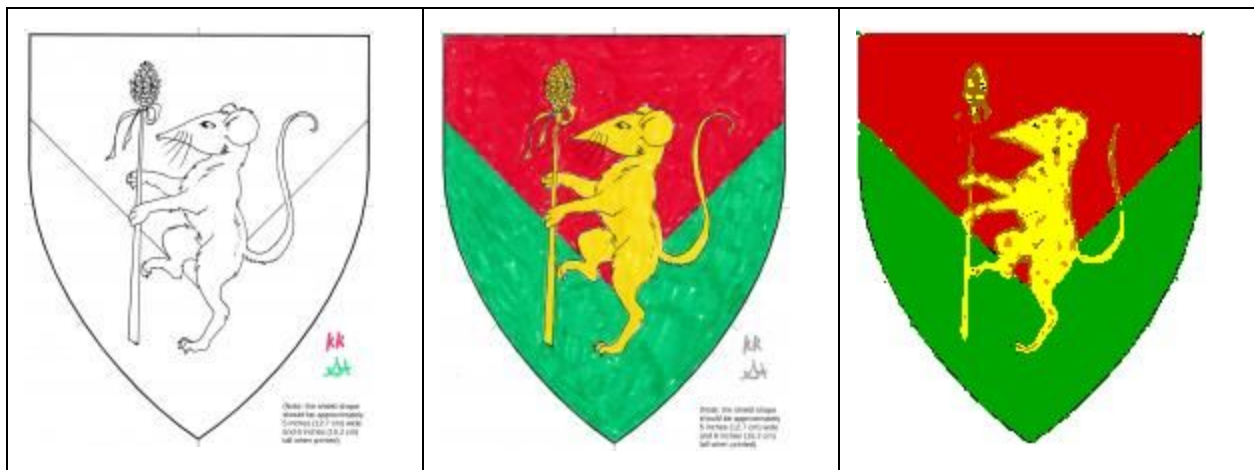
It is signed and dated April 13, 2019

Notes:

Only two examples of [animal + jäger] were provided, and no additional ones were found during kingdom commentary. We ask the assistance of Society commenters in providing additional examples to support this construction.

15. Ingríðr Askasmiðr Magnúsdottir

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Ingríðr Askasmiðr Magnúsdottir	Forwarded
New Device	Per chevron inverted gules and vert, a shrew rampant maintaining a rod of Bacchus Or	Forwarded



Submitter has no desire as to gender.

No major changes.

Meaning (shipwright, Magnus' daughter) most important.

Ingríðr is a feminine given name from GB p. 12 from the Landnamabok with 2 occurrences

Askasmiðr is a descriptive name from GB p. 19 meaning "shipwright"

Magnúsdottir is a patronymic byname constructed from Magnús found in GB p. 13

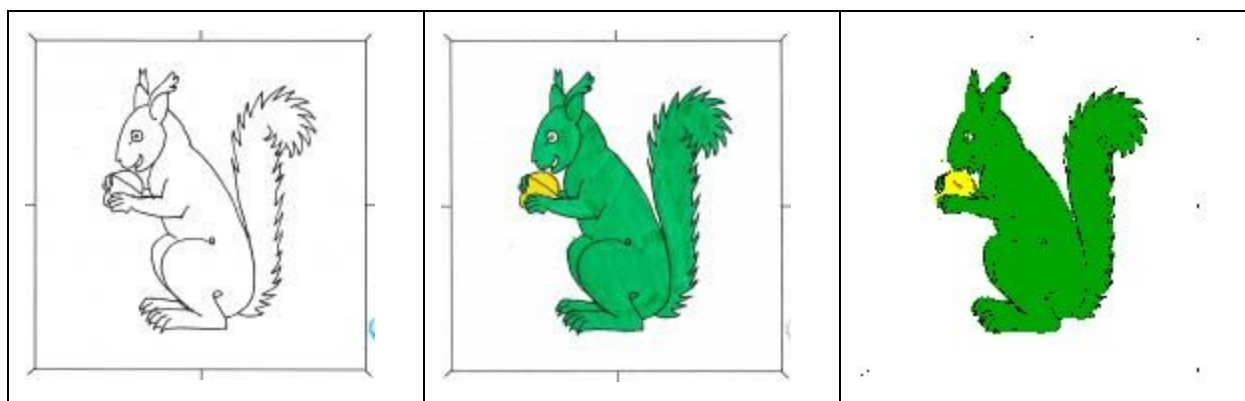
Pattern given+descriptive+byname according to SENA Appendix A.

Notes:

There was concern during commentary that the staff was not recognizable as a rod of Bacchus or thyrsus. The submitter has approved new artwork to be used for the Society letter.

16. Iuliana Angelina

Submission	Description	Decision
New Badge	(Fieldless) A squirrel sejant erect vert maintaining an acorn Or	Forwarded



Notes:

Iago ab Adam offers the following reblazon: (Fieldless) A squirrel vert maintaining an acorn Or

17. Jennet Eva O'Loghlan

Submission	Description	Decision
New Device Change	Per fess wavy gules and azure, in saltire a spear and a pike embowed argent	Forwarded

Old Item: Gules, a ram's head cabossed between three mullets of four points argent., to be released after registration of new device.



Notes:

There was some discussion at the kingdom level of whether a pike embowed could be properly said to be in saltire with a long skinny charge. We commend this question to Wreath's consideration.

18. Kara Njallsdottir

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Kara Njallsdottir	Forwarded

Submitter desires a feminine name.

No major changes.

Language (Old Norse) most important.

Culture (Old Norse) most important.

Kára is a feminine personal name found in GB pp. 12.

Njáll is a masculine personal name found in GB p. 13 s.n. Njáll.

Njallsdottir is a patronymic formed according to the rules found in GB p. 17.

Submitter prefers to drop all diacritical marks.

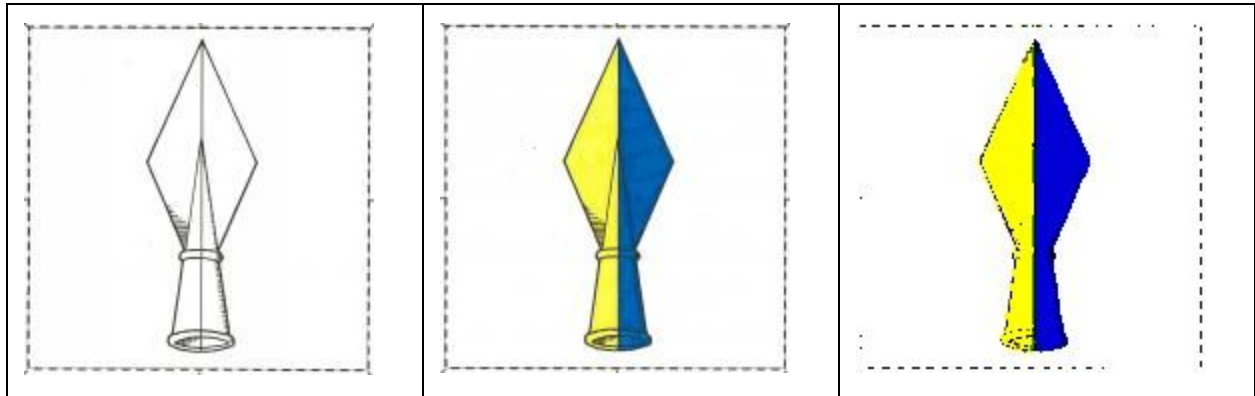
Submitter will allow adding a word like "the" or "de", or changing language if the change is small.

Notes:

As the submitter allows for minor changes, we have changed the byname to the correct genitive spelling of Njalsdottir.

19. Kirsa Oyutai

Submission	Description	Decision
Resub Badge	(Fieldless) A spearhead per pale Or and azure	Forwarded



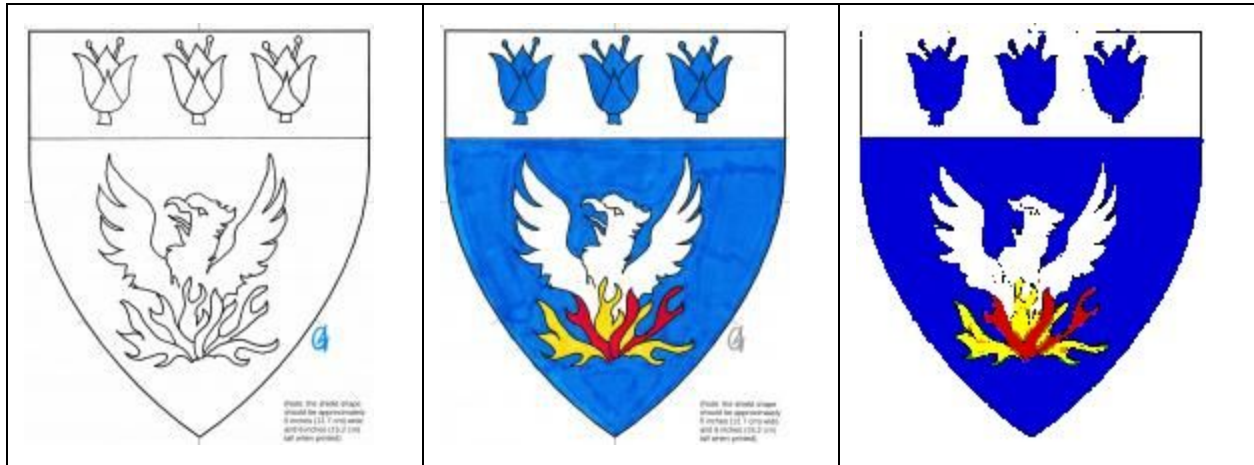
The submitter's previous badge "(Fieldless) An arrowhead per pale Or and azure." was returned on the Nov 2015 LOAR for conflict with the badge of England:(Tinctureless) A pheon. There is only one DC for the tincturelessness of the English badge.

This is a similar design, but per precedence there is a difference between a spearhead and a pheon.

"Given the gross changes in outline between a spearhead and a standard heraldic pheon or broad arrow, we do not see calling conflict between this and any of several pieces of armory with pheons inverted." (LoAR 10/90 p.10).

20. Lillian Hutchinson

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Lillian Hutchinson	Forwarded
New Device	Azure, a phoenix displayed argent rising from flames of fire proper, on a chief argent three lilies azure	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name.
 No major changes.
 Spelling (Spelling of Lillian most important) most important.

Lillian is a feminine given name from Withycombe, 3rd edition, p. 196 s.n. Lil(l)ian; listed which states the spelled name "probably originated as pet-forms of Elizabeth ... Lillian is found as a christian name in England in the 16th C".

Hutchinson is found on FamilySearch.org. John Hutchinson, 1 Jan 1583 St Giles, Cripplegate, London, England. Batch C02243-1 <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NYFS-P3P>

Notes:

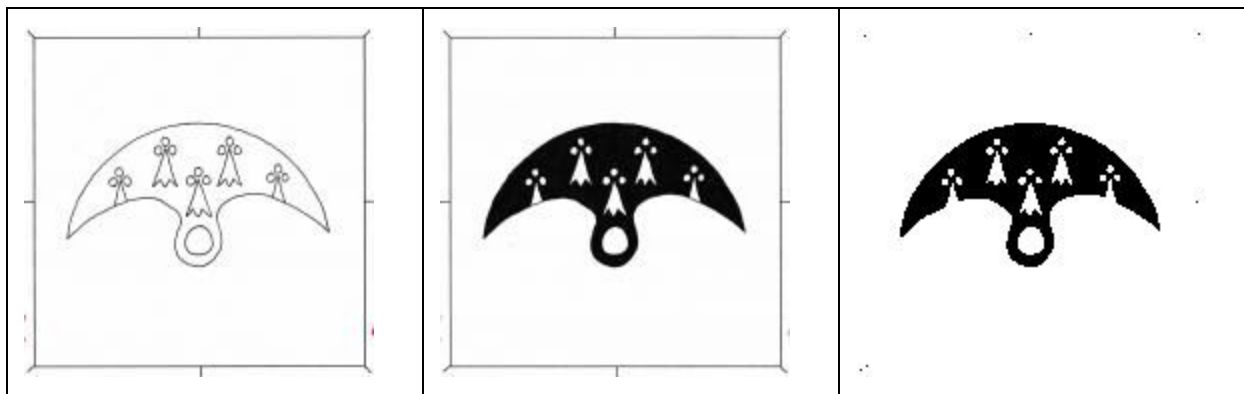
Iago ab Adam offers the following reblazon: Azure, a phoenix argent rising from flames proper, on a chief argent three lilies azure

Lillian is also found on FamilySearch.org Lillian Cutloue, married 19 Sept 1598, batch M00616-1. <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NLDX-QL6>

Note that these flames are the more modern form, which were recently ruled unregistrable in the September 2019 cover letter (<http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2019/09/19-09cl.html#2>). This external submission letter falls before the stated cutoff date for this depiction of flames.

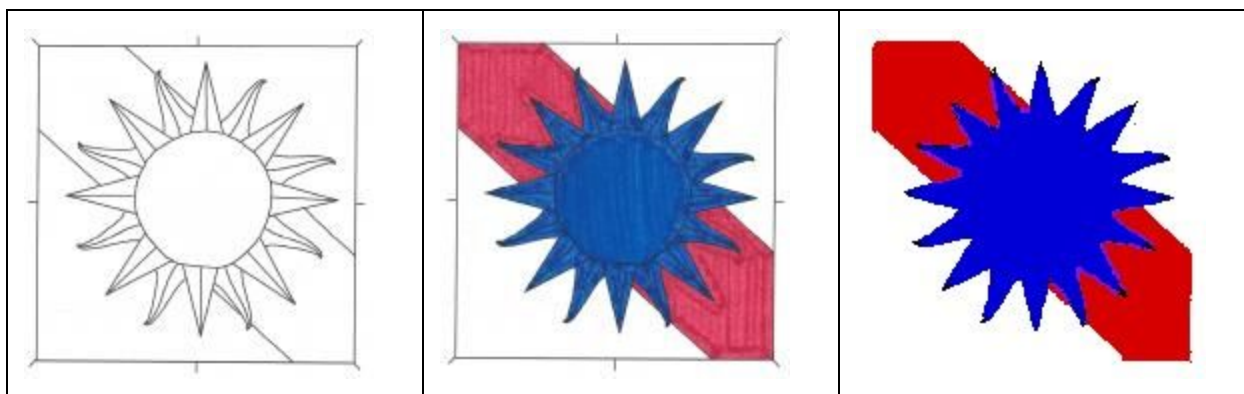
21. Magnus Wolfhunte

Submission	Description	Decision
New Badge	(Fieldless) A fer-a-loup counterermine	Forwarded



22. Qzurr Styrbjarnarson

Submission	Description	Decision
New Badge	Argent, a bend gules and overall a sun azure	Forward with new artwork



Notes:

There was commentary at the kingdom level that the sun was not properly overall to the bend. The submitter has approved new artwork to be used for the Society letter.

23. Rodrigo Medina de la Mar

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Rodrigo Medina de la Mar	Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name.
Language (Spanish) most important.
Culture (Spanish) most important.

Rodrigo is a Spanish masculine given name appearing 59 times in "Spanish Names from the Late 15th Century" by Juliana de Luna

<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/isabella/MensGivenAlpha.html>

The locative byname **de Medina** appears in the same article.

It appears to have eventually been used as an unmarked surname, based on Family Search:

- Lazaro Medina; Christening Date: 07 Apr 1560; Christening Place:Santiago Apostol, Valladolid, Valladolid, Spain; BATCH C02613-0
<https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:FFJ1-TJM>
- Sabastian Medina; Christening Date: 29 Jun 1560; Christening Place: SAN NICOLAS DE BARI, VALLADOLID, VALLADOLID, SPAIN; BATCH C87112-1
<https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:F5QX-P8M>
- Ysabel Medina Ascebedo; Christening Date: 07 Jun 1560; Christening Place: SANTA MARIA LA MAYOR,TORDESILLAS,VALLADOLID,SPAIN; BATCH C87369-1
<https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:FRZF-T2N>

de la Mar appears as a locative surname in Spanish Names from the Late 15th Century by Juliana de Luna <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/isabella/locative.html>

Pattern given+byname+locative according to SENA Appendix A

24. Scolastica Capellarius

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Scolastica Capellarius	Forwarded
New Device	Per bend sinister gules and azure, a bow reversed with an arrow nocked and a unicorn couchant regardant contourny argent	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name.
 Meaning most important.

Scolastica is a feminine given name dated to 1195, 1207, 1221, 1316 found in Feminine Given Names in A Dictionary of English Surnames: Scholastica, by Talan Gwynek
<https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/talan/reaney/reaney.cgi?Scholastica>

Capellarius is a Latin byname dated to 1267 meaning hatter, capper, found in 12th & 13th Century English Textile Surnames, by Aryanhwymerch Catmael
<https://heraldry.sca.org/names/english/textile.html>

25. Úlfr Barðsson

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Úlfr Barðsson	Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name.
 No major changes.
 Sound most important.

Úlfr is a masculine Norse given name found in GB, p. 15

Barðr is a masculine Norse given name found in GB, p. 8

Barðsson is formed using the rules given in "The Formation of Patronymics and Matronymics."
 p 17-18

Notes:

The expected genitive for Bárðr is Bárðar, making the patronymic Bárðarson. As the submitter allows for minor changes, we have adjusted the spelling accordingly.

26. Zofeia Jodurqin

Submission	Description	Decision
New Name	Zofeia Jodurqin	Forwarded
New Device	Per bend sable and gules, a Bactrian camel statant Or maintaining under its front hoof a wolf's head cabossed argent, a base rayonny Or	Forwarded



Meaning (meaning: stubborn, obstinate, dignified) most important.

The submitter formerly submitted Zofiya Jodurqin, but it was lost by the consulting herald. Therefore, this is being processed as a new submission.

Zofeia is a feminine given name found in Wickenden, s.n. Sofia, dated 1396 (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/paul/si.html>). She would prefer Zofiya if it can be found.

Jodurqin is intended as a Mongolian descriptive meaning something like 'stubborn, dignified, tough' formed from the term dojir (<http://linguamongolia.com> , index number 5633), with the addition of the suffix -qin/-jin 'of', found in "On the Documentation and Construction of Period Mongolian Names" by Baras-aghur Naran (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/mongol.html>).

Marta as tu Mika-Myliwy "Mongolian Naming Practices"

(https://heraldry.sca.org/names/mongolian_names_marta.html) states: "Use of a Mongolian dictionary will help in constructing a purely Mongolian descriptive name or in finding appropriate to modify a given name."

The dictionary at linguamongolia.com Item Number 7 gives Index Number 5633 transliteration döjir Word Class adj. Definition: tough, stubborn, obstinate, extremely lazy. Submitter believes that jodur is a variant of this word.

Assistance documenting this term or something similar in period is appreciated.

Russian/East Slavic and Mongolian can be combined within 300 years per Appendix C of SENA.

Notes:

The submitter stated that she would prefer Zofiya if it can be found, and documentation was provided by ffride wlfssdotter at the kingdom level. We have adjusted this submission accordingly.

Zofiya is found in "16th and early 17th C. feminine names from Lithuanian records" by ffride wlfssdotter:

Zofīa (Зофия) and Zofīa (Зофия)

(<https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ffride/lithuanianwomenasmenv.html>)

The British Standard 2979:1958 for romanising Russian would spell those names as Zofīya and Zofiya, respectively.

See: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Romanization_of_Russian

Ruthenian should be a member of the East Slavic group, and thus compatible with Mongolian in name formation.

This concludes the letter of internal kingdom decisions.

Yours in Service,
Muirenn ingen Dundaig
Blue Tyger Herald