December 2022 East Kingdom Internal Letter of Decision East ILol dated 11/07/2022

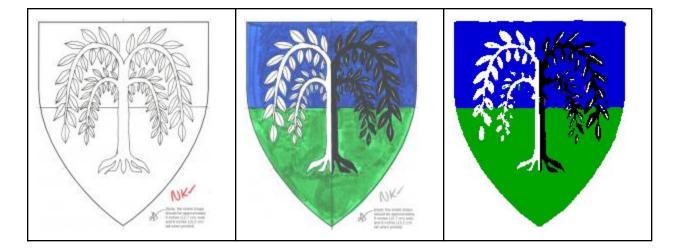
To the most noble members of the East Kingdom College of Heralds, greetings! You will find below the decisions rendered on the submissions for the Internal Letter of Intent issued on 11/07/2022.

Many thanks to the following commenters who provided assistance this month: Alys Ogress, Basil Lions Heart, Brunissende Qui s'y frotte s'y pique, Drasma Seahorse, Eleazar ha-Levi, Grímólfr Skúlason, Gunnvor Orle, Iago Frankley, Juetta Copin, Kallinikos Gavras, Kolosvari Arpadne Julia, Lilie Ragged Staff, Malyss Makneile, Mathghamhain Ua Ruadháin, Nest Crane, Shannon inghean Bhriain uí Dhuilleaín, and Sláine Diademe.

Your commentary and insights are always greatly appreciated.

1: Aikaterinē ellēnis

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Aikaterinē ellēnis	Forwarded
New Device	Per fess azure and vert, a willow tree per pale argent and sable	Forwarded



Sound (Eee-cat) most important.

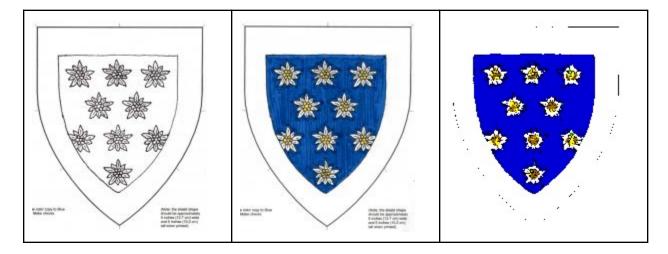
Aikaterine is the Greek name of an empress of Bulgaria born in 1008. This Empress appears in the PBW 2016 database as Aikaterinē 101 (<u>https://pbw2016.kdl.kcl.ac.uk/person/Aikaterine/101/</u>).

Ellēnis is a transliteration of *Έλληνίς* a Greek descriptive byname meaning "Grecian woman" found in Liddell, H.G. and Robert Scott, *A Greek-English Lexicon*. (<u>https://lsj.gr/wiki/%E1%BC%99%CE%BB%CE%BB%CE%B7%CE%BD%CE%AF%CF%82</u>)</u>

Notes:

2: Alessandra Serena Renda of Gibellina

Action	Description	Decision
New Device	Azure semy of edelweiss proper, a bordure argent	Forwarded



Notes:

3: Andrea Noelle Bathory

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Andrea Noelle Bathory	Forwarded

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Sound (An-dree-a No-ell Ba-thor-ee) most important.

Andrea is an English feminine given name found in the FamilySearch Historical Records:

- Andrea Bott; Female; Death/Burial; 5 Jun 1637; Ludgershall, Wiltshire, England; Batch: B05224-5 (<u>https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:JZLL-45N</u>)
- Andrea Chiswill; Female; Christening; 20 Oct 1605; Ugborough, Devon, England; Batch: C05177-1 (<u>https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N563-KHH</u>)
- Andrea Bowell; Female; Christening; 25 Dec 1596; Deeping St James, Lincoln, England; Batch: C02877-2 (<u>https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NG79-D95</u>)

Noelle is an English surname found in the FamilySearch Historical Records:

- John Noelle; Male; Christening; 28 Jan 1626; North Molton, Devon, England; Batch: C05228-1 (<u>https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N578-3JX</u>)
- Thomas Noelle; Male; Marriage; 12 Jan 1634; Steeple Ashton, Wiltshire, England; Batch: M15347-1 (<u>https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NK3B-D42</u>)

Bathory is the registered surname of the submitter's legal spouse, known in the Society as *Vladimir Bathory*. Attestation of the legal relationship has been provided.

Double surnames are found in English per Appendix A.

Notes:

The name as registered appears to be spelled *Báthory*, with an accent over the a; this correction will be made for the external letter.

4: Antonius Hasebroek

Action	Description	Decision
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New Exchange of Device and Badge		Forwarded
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This is an administrative action in response to the submitter's formal request by email, with legal name attached, for an exchange of his currently registered device and badge:

Currently my badge is *Per pale purpure and Or, a pair of pants potent* and my device is *Gules scaly Or.* I would like to reverse that. I would like *Per pale purpure and Or, a pair of pants potent* to be my device and retain *Gules scaly Or* as my badge.

Note that the blazon as registered of the existing badge is *Per pale purpure and Or, a pair of trews potent*.

Notes:

5: Berakha bat Mira v'Shlomo

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Berakha bat Mira v'Shlomo	Forwarded

Submitter desires a feminine name.

No major changes.

Language (First name not be changed at all; otherwise Hebrew) most important.

Berakha is a transliteration of the Hebrew ברכה and is used via the Legal Name Allowance. Supporting documentation is attached.

Mira is a Jewish Hebrew woman's name, which may be a diminutive form of *Miriam*, dated to the 14th century in "Jewish Women's Names in 13th to 15th Century Navarre" by Juetta Copin (<u>https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juetta/navarra.html</u>).

Shlomo is a Jewish Hebrew man's name; in English, this is written as *Solomon*. Dated to the 13th century in Troyes, France in "Names from Hebrew Chronicles of the 10th to 13th Centuries" by Juetta Copin (<u>https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juetta/masc/shlomo.html</u>).

This is a Jewish Hebrew woman's name, constructed using the pattern <Given Name> + bat ("daughter of") + <Mother's Name> + v' ("and") <Father's name>.

When concerns were raised that this pattern (given + matronymic + patronymic) does not appear in Jewish names in period, the submitter provided the following burial records from the first through the sixth century CE that use a pattern of including both parents' names.

- Arsinoe, daughter of Aline and Theodosios. 1st century CE, Egypt: https://books.google.com/books?id=IXacDwAAQBAJ&newbks=1&newbks_redir=0&print sec=frontcover&pg=PA180&dq=#v=onepage&q&f=false (Support for Arsinoe as an explicitly Jewish name can be found on p53 of "Waters of the Exodus: Jewish Experiences with Water in Ptolemaic and Roman Egypt" by Nathalie LaCoste, https://tspace.library.utoronto.ca/bitstream/1807/76429/1/LaCoste_Nathalie_201611_Ph D_thesis.pdf#page=61)
- Justus, son of Leontius and Sappho. Third century CE, Beth She'arim, near Haifa: <u>http://cojs.org/jewish_funerary_inscriptions-most_are_in_greek-_pieter_w-_van_der_hor</u> <u>st-_bar_18-05-_sep-oct_1992/</u>
- Mellasa, daughter of Rabbi Juda and of Lady Maria. Fifth or sixth century CE, Tortosa, Catalonia, Spain: <u>https://www.google.com/books/edition/Jewish_Inscriptions_of_Western_Europe_Vo/h-jrz</u> <u>v7Yh-QC?hl=en&gbpv=1&dq=%22This+tomb+is+of+Mellasa,+daughter+of+Rabbi+Juda</u> <u>+and+of+Lady+Maria%22&pg=PA248&printsec=frontcover</u>

Mira and *Shlomo* are also both found in "Lexicon of Jewish Names in Late Antiquity: Part I, Palestine 330 BCE - 200 CE" by Tal Ilan

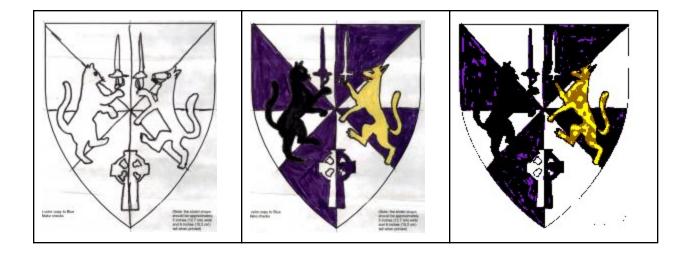
(https://www.mohrsiebeck.com/uploads/tx_sgpublisher/produkte/leseproben/9783161587931.pd f):

- מרא (Mira/Mara) is shown as a Hebrew female given name on page 480.
- שלמוה (Shlomo/Shelomoh) is shown as a Biblical male given name on page 474.

While two of the three burial records provided use the father's name first, we believe there is sufficient doubt about the pattern to forward this for Pelican's consideration, and we ask the assistance of commenters in continuing to document the pattern.

Action	Description	Decision
New Device	Gyronny argent and purpure, in fess a domestic cat rampant to sinister sable and a wolf rampant Or, each maintaining a rapier, in base a Celtic cross counterchanged	Forwarded

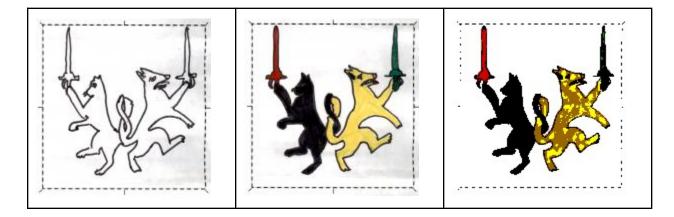
6: Brigid nyn Thomas O'Neill



There were significant concerns about identifiability with the art as originally provided. The consulting herald and Elmet provided new art that has been approved by the submitter, which includes a swap of the tinctures of the *gyronny*, again to improve identifiability. The new art and blazon will appear on the external letter.

7: Brigid nyn Thomas O'Neill

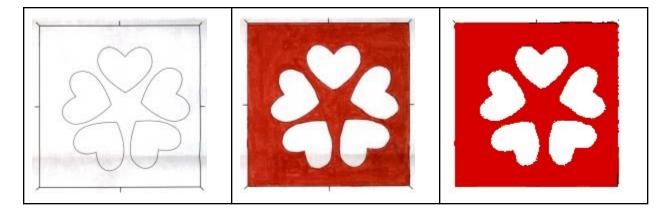
Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	(Fieldless) In fess a domestic cat rampant sable and a dog rampant to sinister Or, their tails intertwined, the cat maintaining a rapier gules and the dog maintaining a rapier vert	Forwarded



There were concerns about identifiability with the art as originally provided. The consulting herald and Elmet provided new art that has been approved by the submitter, which will appear on the external letter.

8: Carrick Mac Seáin

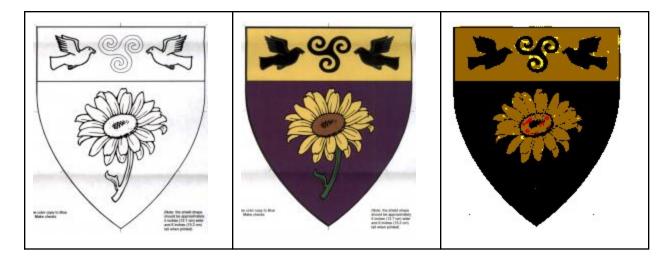
Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	Gules, five hearts in annulo points to center argent	Forwarded



Notes:

9: Catherine Gray of Cumberland

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Catherine Gray of Cumberland	Forwarded
New Device	Purpure, a sunflower slipped and leaved proper, on a chief Or a triskelion of spirals between two birds volant wings addorsed respectant sable	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name. Sound (Not Specified) most important.

Catherine is a feminine given name found in "Index of names in the 1582 Subsidy roll of London" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael

(http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/english/engfemlondon1582.html).

Gray is an English surname in the same source

(https://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/english/engsurlondon1582a-m.html).

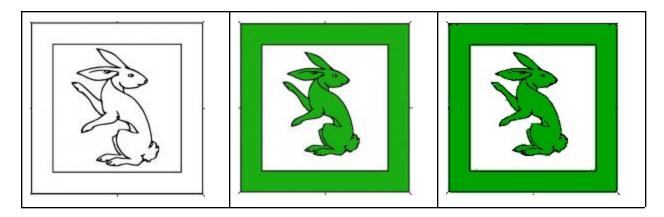
of Cumberland - Cumberland is an historic county in North West England that had an administrative function from the 12th century until 1974 (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cumberland).

Notes:

The byname de Cumberlande is dated to 1197 in R&W s.n. Cumberland. of Cumberland is the lingua Societatis form of this Middle English byname.

10: East, Kingdom of the

Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	Argent, a rabbit sejant erect regardant and a bordure vert	Forwarded



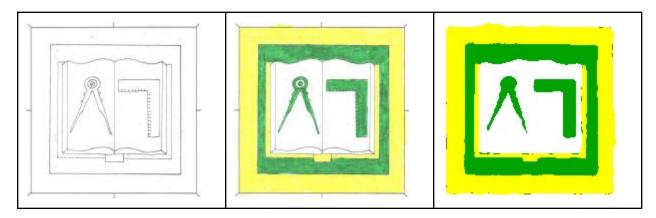
This submission is to be associated with Award of the Rabbit and Moon

The award name is on the East Kingdom Letter of Intent dated 2022-09-16.

Notes:

11: Eli of Bergental

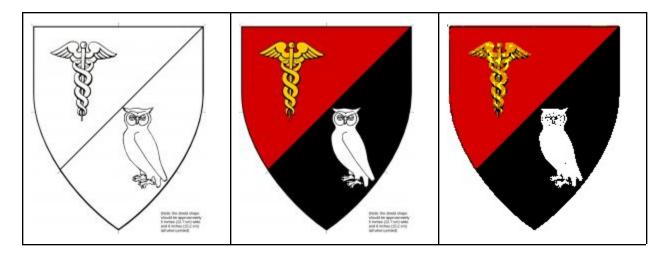
Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	Vert, on a open book argent bound Or in fess a compass and a carpenter's square point to sinister chief vert, a bordure Or	Forwarded



Notes:

12: Elizabeth de la Claire

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Elizabeth de la Claire	Forwarded
New Device	Per bend sinister gules and sable, a caduceus Or and an owl argent	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name.

Elizabeth is found in "English Given Names from 16th and Early 17th C Marriage Records: Elizabeth" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (https://heraldry.sca.org/names/english/parishes/elizabeth.html).

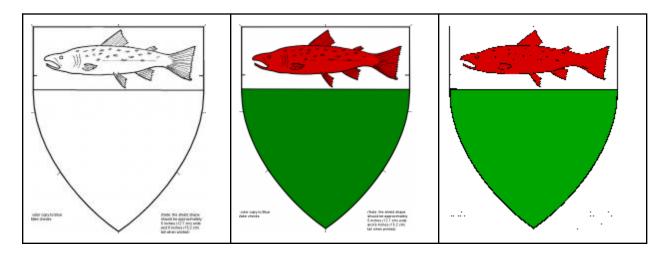
The chateau **de la Claire** appears as a French place mentioned on p. 4 of *Les grandes scènes historiques du XVIe siècle* by Jean Jacques Perrissin, published circa 1570 (<u>https://gallica.bnf.fr/ark:/12148/bpt6k5653061f/f28.image.r=%22de%20la%20Claire%22?rk=10</u> 7296;4).

English and French can be combined under Appendix C of SENA.

Notes:

13: Emidio di Arquata

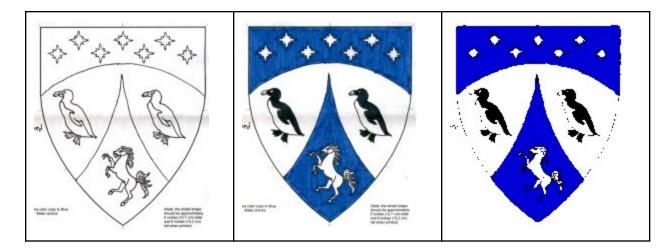
Action	Description	Decision
New Device	Vert, on a chief argent a fish gules	Forwarded



Notes:

14: Emine bint Yazid

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Emine bint Yazid	Forwarded
New Device	Per chevron ployé argent and azure, two auks sable bellied and a horse rampant argent, a chief enarched azure semy of compass stars argent	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name. No major changes. Language (Not given) most important. Culture (Not given) most important.

Emine is a feminine given name found in "Sixteenth-Century Turkish Names" by Ursula Georges (<u>https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ursula/ottoman/feminine.html</u>).

bint is the patronymic marker for "daughter" found in Turkish names in Ursula's above-cited article (<u>https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ursula/ottoman/turkishnames.html</u>), with examples such as *Emine bint Abdullah*, *Behiye bint Davud*, and *Gülbahar bint Abdullah*.

Yazid is a masculine given name found in the same source (<u>https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ursula/ottoman/turkishnames.html</u>).

Notes:

There are concerns that the *auks* have insufficient contrast with the field, being *bellied argent*; we remand the question to Wreath. There is an SFCP for the use of *compass stars*.

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Erasmus of Mountain Freehold	Forwarded
New Device	Vert, on a billet fesswise argent a dragon couchant purpure	Forwarded

15: Erasmus of Mountain Freehold



Submitter desires a masculine name. Meaning (Not Specified) most important.

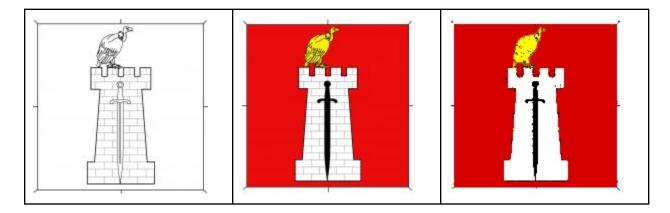
Erasmus is an Early Modern English male given name dated to 1562, 1569, 1576, 1583 and 1586 in DMNES s.n. Erasmus (<u>https://dmnes.org/name/Erasmus</u>).

Mountain Freehold is the registered name of an SCA branch (Nov 1981, via the East).

Notes:

16: Fearghus mac Cailín

Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	Gules, atop a tower argent charged with a sword inverted sable a vulture contourny Or	Forwarded



17: Galefridus Peregrinus

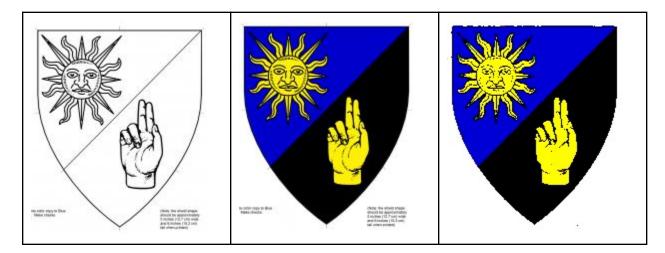
Action	Description	Decision
New Release of Alternate Name	Taguchi Moronaga	Forwarded

Galefridus wishes to release this alternate name.

Notes:

18: Gareth Lockwood

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Gareth Lockwood	Forwarded
New Device	Per bend sinister azure and sable, in bend a sun in splendor and a hand in benediction Or	Forwarded



Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes. Sound (Not specified) most important.

Gareth is the name of a male human character from Mallory's *Le Morte Darthur* (published in 1470), found in the MED s.v. brennen. Longstanding precedent allows registration of the names of human characters from period Arthurian literature as there is a pattern of such names being used in England and France in period. [Bedivere de Byron, 06/99, A-Atlantia]

Lockwood is an English surname dated to 1575 in Bardsley s.n. Lockwood.

Notes:

19: Grímólfr Skúlason

Action	Description	Decision
New Alternate Name	Grímólfr Jarlsbani	Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name. Language (Not given) most important. Culture (Not given) most important. Meaning (Not given) most important.

Grímólfr is a male given name found in "Viking Names in Landámabók" by Aranhwy merch Catmael (<u>http://www.elipsiscx/~liana/names/norse/landnamabok.html</u>). It is already registered to the submitter.

Jarlsbani is a constructed byname:

Jarl- is a prototheme found in the "Viking Bynames found in the Landnámabók" by Aranhwy merch Catmael (<u>http://www.elipsiscx/~liana/names/norse/vikbynames.html</u>) as part of the bynames *jarlakappi* ("champion of earls") and *jarlsskáld* ("earl's skald").

Bani is an Old Norse word meaning "bane" or "slayer" found in Cleasby & Vigfusson. -**bani** is a deuterotheme found as part of the following bynames:

- berserkjabani ("berserks-bane") found in "Viking Bynames found in the Landnámabók".
- *kappabani* ("slayer of warriors/champions") applied to Asmundr, a legendary human character from *Ásmundar saga kappabana*, so called because he killed all the warriors of Hildebrand, the king of the Huns.

• *kerlingarbani* ("slayer of an old crone") - applied to Hallstein, a human character in Jómsvíkinga saga (10th-11th cen.).

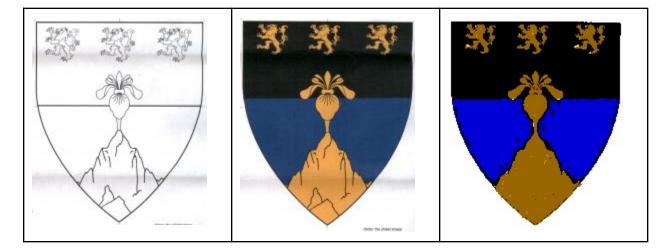
Other examples show *-bani* applied to personal names to form a byname for someone famous or infamous for killing a particular person.



Notes:

20: Irys Tybote

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Irys Tybote	Forwarded
New Device	Per fess sable and azure, an iris issuant from a mount and in chief three lions Or	Forwarded



Language (Anglo-Saxon or Norse) most important. Culture (Norman/Anglo-Saxon &/or Norse) most important. Meaning (Iris (the flower) or other botanical name) most important.

Irys is an English feminine given name found in the FamilySearch Historical Records:

Irys Gulsun; Female; Marriage; 12 Oct 1544; St Modwen's, Burton Upon Trent, Staffordshire, England; Batch: M02017-4 (<u>https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NV9C-H4D</u>)

Tybote is an English byname found in the FamilySearch Historical Records:

Johannes Tybote; Male; Christening; 21 Oct 1540; Hatton, Warwickshire, England (<u>https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:QP46-9WC4</u>)

There is no Batch number, but there is a primary source image, which the submitter believes supports *Tybote*.

Submitter is looking for a botanical gender-neutral name, within the parameters of Norse, Anglo-Saxon &/or Norman. They would allow feminine and "Lily," but prefer gender neutral and "Irys."

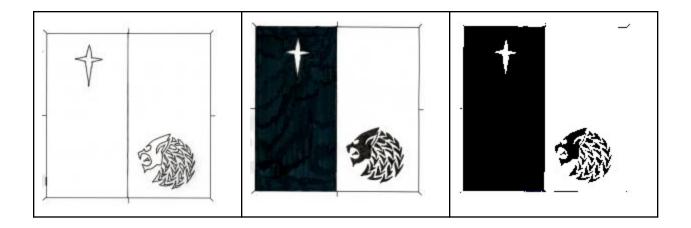
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Notes:

While the art on the color emblazon has the fess line slightly higher than it should be, we believe that the fact that the primary charge crosses this line makes it clear that it's a *per fess* division rather than a *chief*, and we therefore forward this item.

21: Leo MacCullan

Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	Per pale sable and argent, in bend a mullet of four points elongated to base and a lion's head couped counterchanged	Pend for redraw



This item is pended to allow time to redraw the lion's head in a period armorial style, in accordance with SENA A2C1, and to obtain submitter approval of the redraw.

22: Marcus Bowyer

Action	Description	Decision
Resub Device	Vert, a wolf rampant argent maintaining in the dexter paw a bow bendwise sinister, in the sinister paw a sheaf of three arrows Or, and in chief in saltire two swords inverted argent	Forwarded



This is the submitter's second resubmission. His first device, Vert, a wolf rampant argent maintaining in its dexter paw a bow bendwise sinister and in its sinister paw a sheaf of three arrows and on a chief Or in saltire two swords inverted sable, was returned on the March 2022

East Kingdom Letter of Decision. That return was for complexity: the design had a complexity count of nine: vert, argent, Or, sable, wolf, arrows, bow, chief, swords.

The first resubmission was Vert, a wolf rampant argent maintaining in the dexter paw a bow bendwise sinister and in the sinister paw a sheaf of three arrows inverted Or, which was returned on the June 2022 East Kingdom Letter of Decision for conflict with the registered device of Robert Strongbow, Vert, a wolf rampant argent maintaining in its dexter forepaw a sheaf of three arrows Or, barbed and flighted argent, and sustaining in its sinister forepaw in chief a bow fesswise gules.

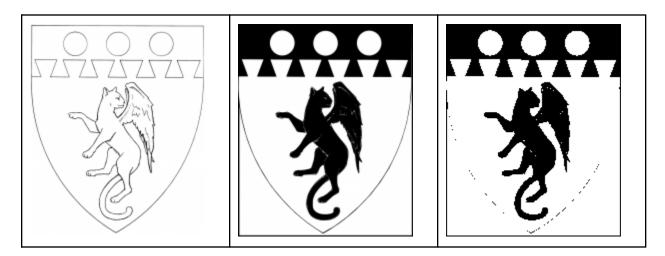
The present redesign addresses the reasons for both returns. The complexity count of the device is seven: vert, argent, Or, wolf, arrows, bow, swords. In addition, the submitter believes there are no conflicts with this device.

Notes:

As the original returns were both at Kingdom, this item will be new to Laurel, and will be marked as such on the external letter.

23: Margarette La Gantière

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Margarette La Gantière	Forwarded
New Device	Argent, a winged domestic cat rampant regardant and on a chief dovetailed sable three plates	Forwarded



Submitter desires a feminine name.

No major changes.

Meaning (Renaissance French) most important.

Margarette is a French feminine given name dated to 1528 in "Late Period Feminine Names from the South of France" by Talan Gwynek (<u>https://heraldry.sca.org/names/latefrenchfem.html</u>).

Ia gantière is a French occupational byname found dated to 1292 in "An Index to the Given Names in the 1292 Census of Paris" by Colm Dubh (<u>https://heraldry.sca.org/names/paris.html</u>).

The submitter prefers the spelling *Margarette*, but is willing to accept *Marguerite* if necessary.

Notes:

The expected form of the byname would be *Gantiere*, without the accent mark, as this source is known to have accent marks that are editorial additions.

There was some discussion at Kingdom regarding whether or not to blazon the tail as *coward*; given the precedent that "we typically do not explicitly blazon tails as coward" [Alrik Eriksson Mård, Jan 2012, R-Drachenwald], we have chosen to omit that detail.

24: Margarette La Gantière

Action	Description	Decision
New Badge	Argent, a winged domestic cat couchant, an orle sable	Forwarded



Notes:

While commenters at Kingdom pointed out how very grey the *argent* field of this submission is, we do not believe that it is sufficiently low-contrast to warrant a return at Kingdom.

25: Margretha la Fauvelle

Action	Description	Decision
New Alternate Name	Margaret la Symphaner	Forwarded

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Client requests authenticity for late 14th century England. Spelling (as submitted) most important.

Margaret is a Middle English feminine given name dated to 1399-1400 in the Middle English Dictionary s.v. ich and to 1375 s.v. anameled.

A 1393 court record from Macclesfield, written in Latin, records that **Margareta la Symphaner** committed assault against Iohannes de Plesyngton. This record is reprinted, both in the original Latin and in translation at p. 715 of *Records of Early English Drama: Cheshire* including Chester, Baldwin, Clopper & Mills, eds. (2007)

(<u>https://archive.org/details/cheshirereed02clopuoft/page/714/mode/2up?q=Symphaner</u>). In addition, the Middle English Dictionary s.v. simphăner defines the term as an occupational term for a musician, and shows examples of the term used in surnames.

The submitter wants *Margaret* as the given name, not the Latinized form.

Notes:

26: Marx Pauer

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Marx Pauer	Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name. No major changes.

Marx is a masculine German given name found in Aryanhwy merch Catmael's "German Names from Nürnberg, 1497" (<u>https://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/german/nurnberg1497.html</u>).

Pauer is a German surname found in the same source (https://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/german/surnamesnurnn-z.html).

The pattern given name + surname in German is found in Appendix A.

Notes:

27: Marx Pauer

Action	Description	Decision
New Alternate Name	Mordechai ben Pesach	Forwarded

Submitter desires a masculine name. No major changes.

Mordechai ben Pesach is a Jewish name with a patronymic marked by "ben" as found in Appendix A.

Mordechai is a masculine Jewish given name found in Eleazar ha-Levi's "A Jewish Memory Book: Nuremburg, 1349" (https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/eleazar/evolutionjewishnames.pdf).

Pesach is a holiday used as a given name in the Middle Ages according to Eleazar ha-Levi's "On the Evolution of Jewish Names"

(https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/eleazar/evolutionjewishnames.pdf).

Notes:

28: Paidin O Laoghaire

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Paidin O Laoghaire	Forwarded

Paidín is an Early Modern Irish Gaelic masculine name dated 1165-1589, found in Mari Elspeth nic Bryan, "Index of Names in Irish Annals" (<u>http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Paidin.shtml</u>)

The submitter would prefer the spelling *Phadin* if it can be documented. No evidence was found for this spelling in the nominative, unlenited form for a given name. The Submitter did not prefer English elements (e.g. Faden/Phaden) that gave the desired Ph-/F sound, however.

Ó Laoghaire is the standard Gaelic form (see Woulfe, s.n. Ó Laoghaire) of the Anglicized Irish O Leery (1564), O Leary (1573, 1584) and O Learie (1601) among other spellings, all found in Muir and Ó hAisibéil, *The Oxford Dictionary of Family Names of Ireland*, s.n. O'Leary. By precedent, we generally allow the use of standard Gaelic form when there is a corresponding Anglicized Irish form dated to t. Eliz I - James I (see [Aodhamair inghean Uí Drisceóil, March 2010, R-Middle] and [Ronan Mac Duibh, June 2016, A-Middle])

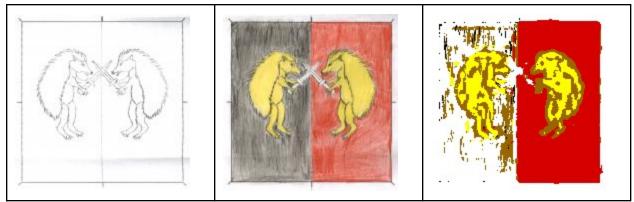
The submitter prefers to drop all accents in the name.



Notes:

29: Rhys Ragnarsson

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Rhys Ragnarsson	Forward with changes
New Badge	Per pale sable and gules, two hedgehogs combatant Or each maintaining a dagger crossed in saltire argent	Forwarded



Submitter desires a masculine name.

No major changes.

Sound (Sound of Given name, like Reese (as in Peanut butter cup)) most important. Meaning (Byname meaning Son of Ragnar) most important.

Rhys is a masculine Welsh name from 1017 found in *A History of Wales from the Earliest times to the Edwardian Conquest, Volume 2, 2nd ed* by Sir John Edward Lloyd (1912) page 767 on a Family Tree - showing date of death in 1078

(https://www.library.wales/discover-learn/digital-exhibitions/europeana-rise-of-literacy/history-book

<u>s/a-history-of-wales-from-the-earliest-times-to-the-edwardian-conquest#?c=&m=&s=&cv=&xywh</u> <u>=-1062%2C- 119%2C4996%2C4334</u>) (image below).

Rhys is also found in *Archaeologia Cambrensis, a record of the antiquities of Wales and its Marches and the journal of the Cambrian Archaeological Association*, pages 3-143 (<u>https://journals.library.wales/view/2919943/3012605/7#?xywh=-1349%2C186%2C7444%2C38</u> <u>75&cv=7</u>).

Ragnarr is an Old Norse masculine name from the 9th - 11th centuries, found in "Viking Names found in Landnámabók" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (<u>https://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/norse/landnamabok.html</u>). The appropriate form for the patronymic is **Ragnarsson** per the Viking Answer Lady (<u>https://www.vikinganswerlady.com/ONMensNames.shtml#r</u>).

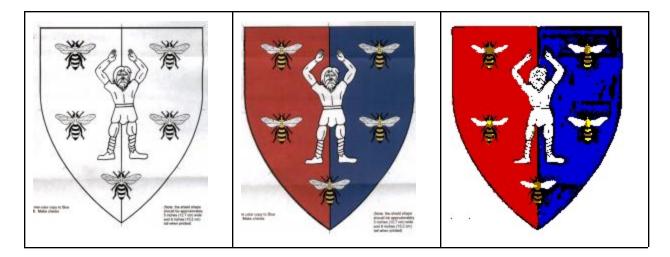
We request assistance in assessing the documentation for the given name and whether the cited sources use modernized forms.

THE LIST OF 1915

Rhys is not found in this spelling early enough to combine with the Scandinavian *Ragnarsson*. However, the spelling *Rees* is found as a male given name in the Domesday Book (1086) per the Prosopography of Anglo-Saxon England (PASE), entry Rhys 2, which brings us into temporal compatibility. As sound is listed as most important, and the submitter allows minor changes, we will make this change for the external letter.

30: Rollant du Blois

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Rollant du Blois	Forward with changes
New Device	Per pale gules and azure, a bearded man arms upraised argent between five bees two, two, and one proper	Forwarded



Submitter desires a masculine name. Sound (Not specified) most important.

Rollant is an Old French masculine given name found in DMNES s.n. Roland (<u>https://dmnes.org/name/Roland</u>), dated in this spelling in France to 1313 and 1327.

Blois is a county in France created around AD 500 per Wikipedia (<u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/County_of_Blois</u>).

We note that, in "Bynames in Medieval France" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (<u>https://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/french/frenchbynames.pdf</u>), the byname *de Blois* is dated to 1292 s.n. Blois. We believe that *de Blois* is consistent with French grammar, but request assistance in documenting the submitted form.

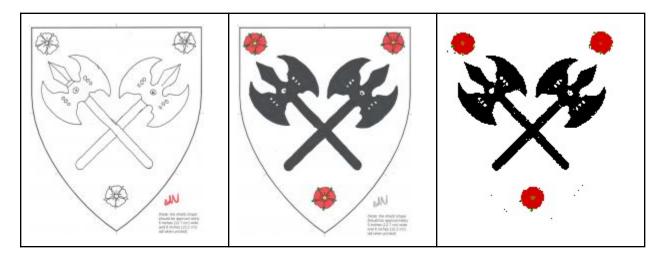


Notes:

Du is a contraction of "de le". Since the placename is *Blois*, and not <u>*le*</u> *Blois*, the correct form would be "*de Blois*". As the submitter allows all changes, we have made this change for the external letter.

31: Rosalie Jane Blackmoore

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Rosalie Jane Blackmoore	Forwarded
New Device	Argent, two double-bitted axes in saltire sable between three roses proper	Forwarded



No changes.

Rosalie is the French given name of a female saint, found at p. 473 of *La riche alliance avec les saincts du paradis*, by Paul de Barry, published in 1641. Her feast day is the fourth (quatriesme) of September

(https://books.google.com/books?id=qQtcAAAAQAAJ&pg=PA473&dq=Rosalie&hl=en&newbks= 1&newbks_redir=0&sa=

X&ved=2ahUKEwi395eBgrn6AhUiElkFHW1NBvEQ6AF6BAgDEAI#v=onepage&q=Rosalie&f=fa lse).

Jane is a 16th century English given name found in "English Given Names from 16th and Early 17th C Marriage Records" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael

(<u>https://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/english/parishes/jane.html</u>) with this spelling dated from 1541 through 1620.

Blackmoore is an English surname found in Hitching and Hitching, dated 1602.

Double given names are found in both French and English per Appendix A.

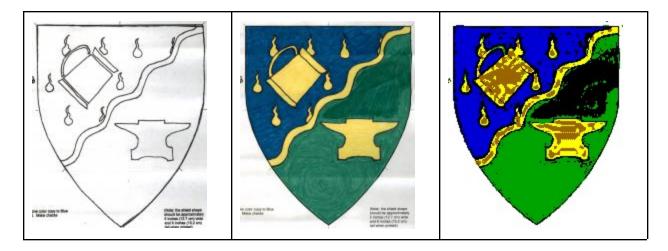
French and English can be combined per Appendix C of SENA.



Notes:

32: Tómas Hamarrson

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Tómas Hamarrson	Forward with changes
New Device	Per bend sinister wavy azure gouty d'Or and vert, a bend sinister wavy between a tankard bendwise sinister and a double-horned anvil Or	Returned



Submitter desires a masculine name. Culture (Old Norse/Viking era) most important. Meaning (Given~Thomas, Byname~Blacksmith/fire/hammer related) most important.

Tómas is a male given name found in Geirr Bassi on p. 15.

Hammarr appears as a male given name on the Viking Answer Lady's website (<u>http://www.vikinganswerlady.com/ONMensNames.shtml#h</u>), citing to Fellows-Jensen, Gillian. *Scandinavian Personal Names in LincoInshire and Yorkshire*. Copenhagen. Akademisk Forlag. 1968. p. 130-131 s.n. Hamarr. The Viking Answer Lady's entry for Hamarr states:

Originally a by-name related to Old Icelandic hamarr, used for both "hammer" and also in place-names describing a hammer-shaped crag or steep rock. Occurs a few times in West Scandinavia as a by-name. There are a few late occurrences of the name in Denmark, and it may possibly occur in the earlier Danish place-name Hammerstrup or Hammarsporp, though this may also refer to the worship of the god Þórr. May occur in the Anglo-Scandinavian place name Toft Hameri.

We ask for assistance confirming the construction of the byname.

Notes:

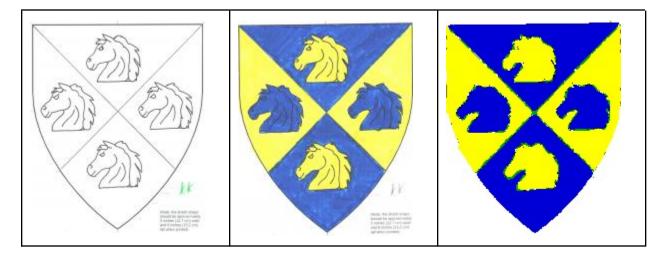
Hamarrson is not the correct formation of a patronymic byname from the given name *Hamarr*. The correct formation is *Hamarsson*. As the submitter allows all changes, we have made this correction for the external letter.

This device must be returned for violation of SENAA3D2c: a *tankard* and an *anvil* are both compact orientable charges, and being comparable, "should be in either identical postures/orientations or an arrangement that includes posture/orientation." As the *tankard* is *bendwise sinister* and the *anvil* is *fesswise*, these orientations are not identical.

This device is also returned for violation of SENA A2C3: "Elements must be drawn at an appropriate size for their role in an armorial submission and must be generally large enough to be identified as charges." The *bend* as drawn here is far too narrow for its role as the primary charge.

33: Úlfrún Isólfsdóttir

Action	Description	Decision
New Name	Úlfrún Isólfsdóttir	Forwarded
New Device	Per saltire azure and Or, four horse's heads couped counterchanged	Forwarded



Úlfrún is an Old Norse feminine given name found on p. 15 of Geirr Bassi.

Ísólfr is an Old Norse male given name found in Peterson's *Nordiskt runnamnslexikon* s.n. -ulfR.

The construction of the patronymic byname follows the pattern shown on p. 17 of Geirr Bassi.

Notes:

This concludes the letter of internal kingdom decisions.

In service to College and Kingdom, Anéžka Liška z Kolína Blue Tyger Herald